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#### Level 6

## Swaziland changes its name to eSwatini

22nd April, 2018

https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html

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### Please try Levels 4 and 5 (they are easier).

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### THE ARTICLE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html

The king of the tiny African nation of Swaziland has changed his country's name to eSwatini. The new name means "land of the Swazis" in the local Swati language. King Mswati III is an absolute monarch, which means he has the power to manage his country as he likes. He renamed his land on Thursday at celebrations marking 50 years of Swazi independence from Britain. The day also coincided with his 50th birthday. Speaking at the nation's Golden Jubilee celebrations, he said: "African countries, on getting independence, reverted to their ancient names before they were colonized. So from now on, the country will officially be known as the Kingdom of eSwatini."

The change of name has been talked about in official circles for years. The king has regularly referred to Swaziland as eSwatini in addresses in his country's parliament, at the United Nations General Assembly and to the African Union. Swaziland gained independence from Britain in 1968, but unlike other former British colonies, it retained its colonial-era name. Nyasaland became Malawi, Northern Rhodesia renamed itself Zambia, Bechuanaland changed its name to Botswana, and Rhodesia became Zimbabwe. King Mswati said that from now on, people would not confuse his country with Switzerland. The UN, Google Maps and Internet companies now have to add eSwatini to their databases.

Sources: https://mpumalanganews.co.za/335886/king-mswati-iii-renames-swaziland-kingdom-eswatini/

http://allafrica.com/stories/201804200114.html

https://www.nytimes.com/2018/04/19/world/africa/swaziland-eswatini-name-change.html

#### **WARM-UPS**

- **1. COUNTRY NAMES:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about country names. Change partners often and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

tiny / nation / local / language / power / celebrations / independence / ancient / official circles / regularly / parliament / colonies / Switzerland / Google Maps

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

- **3. MONARCHY:** Students A **strongly** believe every country needs a monarchy; Students B **strongly** believe it doesn't. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **4. AFRICAN NATIONS:** What do you know or would like to know about these African countries? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	What I know	What I would like to know
eSwatini		
Malawi		
Zambia		
Botswana		
Zimbabwe		
Congo		

- **5. LAND:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "land". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.
- **6. COUNTRY:** Rank these with your partner. Put the most important things for a country at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.

an old name

a colourful flag

a national anthem

a strong army

a monarchy

regular elections

a sea port

railways

### **VOCABULARY MATCHING**

#### Paragraph 1

- tiny
   a. The action of enjoying an important event or occasion by engaging in a happy social, activity.
- 2. absolute b. Having unlimited power.
- 3. monarch c. Acknowledging, honoring, or celebrating an important event or occasion with a particular action.
- 4. marking d. Very, very small.
- 5. coincided e. Returned to a previous state, practice, topic, etc.
- 6. celebrations f. A supreme ruler / head of state, especially a king, queen, or emperor.
- 7. reverted g. Happened at or during the same time as something else.

#### Paragraph 2

- 8. referred h. Having previously filled a particular role or been a particular thing.
- 9. parliament i. Being free from outside control; not depending on another's authority.
- 10. independence j. Continued to have something; kept possession of something.
- 11. former k. Mentioned or spoke about.
- 12. colonial I. The group of leaders that makes decisions about how a country is run.
- 13. retained m. Identify wrongly; mistake.
- n. Relating to a situation when a country or area is under the full or partial political control of another country, usually a faraway one, and occupied by people from that country.

### **BEFORE READING / LISTENING**

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html

#### **1. TRUE / FALSE:** Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- a. The country name eSwatini means "land of the Swati". T / F
- b. King Mswati III is 50 years old. **T/F**
- c. The renamed eSwatini just celebrated its 50th year of independence. T / F
- d. The king followed other African nations in choosing a pre-colonial name. T / F
- e. The change of the country's name was first talked about last year. T / F
- f. King Mswati often used the name eSwatini in the UN General Assembly. T / F
- g. The colonial name of Botswana was Nyasaland. T / F
- h. The article said Google Maps has already changed Swaziland to eSwatini. T / F

#### 2. SYNONYM MATCH:

Match the following synonyms. The words in **bold** are from the news article.

- 1. tiny
- 2. monarch
- 3. reverted
- 4. ancient
- 5. colonized
- 6. parliament
- 7. former
- 8. era
- 9. from now on
- 10. confuse

- a. legislature
- b. old
- c. occupied
- d. mistake
- e. sovereign
- f. period
- g. very small
- h. henceforth
- i. one-time
- j. went back

#### **3. PHRASE MATCH:** (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. The king of the
- 2. land of
- 3. King Mswati III is an absolute
- 4. he has the power to manage
- 5. the nation's Golden Jubilee
- 6. talked about in official
- 7. addresses in his country's
- 8. Swaziland gained independence
- 9. people would not confuse his country
- 10. add eSwatini

- a. monarch
- b. from Britain
- c. celebrations
- d. to their databases
- e. the Swazis
- f. parliament
- g. tiny African nation
- h. with Switzerland
- i. his country as he likes
- j. circles

## **GAP FILL**

The king of the (1) African nation of Swaziland	local
has changed his country's name to eSwatini. The new name	ancient
means "land of the Swazis" in the (2) Swati	independence
language. King Mswati III is an absolute monarch, which means	officially
he has the (3) to manage his country as he likes.	,
He renamed his land on Thursday at celebrations marking 50	tiny
years of Swazi (4) from Britain. The day also	colonized
(5) with his 50th birthday. Speaking at the	power
nation's Golden Jubilee celebrations, he said: "African countries,	coincided
on getting independence, reverted to their (6)	comcided
names before they were (7) So from now on, the	
country will (8) be known as the Kingdom of	
eSwatini."	
The change of name has been talked about in official	addresses
(9) for years. The king has (10)	databases
referred to Swaziland as eSwatini in (11) in his	circles
country's parliament, at the United Nations General Assembly	circies
and to the African Union. Swaziland (12)	itself
independence from Britain in 1968, but unlike other former	regularly
British colonies, it retained its (13)era name.	confuse
Nyasaland became Malawi, Northern Rhodesia renamed	colonial
(14) Zambia, Bechuanaland changed its name to	gained
Botswana, and Rhodesia became Zimbabwe. King Mswati said	ganica
that from now on, people would not (15) his	
country with Switzerland. The UN, Google Maps and Internet	
companies now have to add eSwatini to their (16) .	

## **LISTENING** — Guess the answers. Listen to check.

From <a href="https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html">https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html</a>

1)	The king of the tiny African a. national of Swaziland b. nation off Swaziland c. nation of Swaziland d. nation from Swaziland
2)	The new name means "land of the Swazis" Swati language a. on the locally b. in a local c. in the local d. in the locally
3)	which means he has the power to manage his country a. has he likes b. as he likes c. was he likes d. that's he likes
4)	He renamed his land on Thursday at celebrations a. making 50 years b. mark in 50 years c. marked in 50 years d. marking 50 years
5)	African countries, on getting independence, ancient names a. resorted to their b. revolted to their c. diverted to their d. reverted to their
6)	The change of name has been talked about in official a. circles for years b. ovals for years c. shapes for years d. squares for years
7)	but unlike other former British colonies, it retained name a. its colonial-era b. its colonial-air a c. its colonial-area d. its colonial-error
8)	Nyasaland became Malawi, Northern Rhodesia Zambia a. revamped itself b. regained itself c. renamed itself d. reigned itself
9)	King Mswati said that from now on, people would country a. not confuses his b. not confuse this c. not confused his d. not confuse his
10	) Internet companies now have to add eSwatini
	a. too their databases b. two their database is
	c. to their databases
	d. thru their databases

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## **LISTENING** – Listen and fill in the gaps

The king of the (1) of Swaziland has changed his
country's name to eSwatini. The new (2) of the
Swazis" in the local Swati language. King Mswati III is an absolute monarch,
which means he has the (3) his country as he likes.
He renamed his land on Thursday at celebrations marking 50 years of Swazi
independence from Britain. The day (4) his 50th
birthday. Speaking at the nation's Golden Jubilee celebrations, he said:
"African countries, (5), reverted to their ancient
names before they were colonized. So from now on, the country will
(6) as the Kingdom of eSwatini."
The change of name has been talked about (7) for
years. The king has (8) Swaziland as eSwatini in
addresses in his country's parliament, at the United Nations General
Assembly and to the African Union. Swaziland (9)
Britain in 1968, but unlike other (10), it retained its
colonial-era name. Nyasaland became Malawi, Northern Rhodesia renamed
itself Zambia, Bechuanaland changed its name to Botswana, and Rhodesia
became Zimbabwe. King Mswati said that (11),
people would (12) country with Switzerland. The UN,
Google Maps and Internet companies now have to add eSwatini to their
databases.

## **COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS**

1.	What did the article say about the size of Swaziland?
2.	What does eSwatini mean?
3.	How old is King Mswati III?
4.	What jubilee did the article mention?
5.	What names did King Mswati say African nations reverted to?
6.	Where had the name change been talked about?
7.	In what year did Swaziland get its independence from Britain?
8.	What was the colonial name of Zambia?
9.	Which country would people no longer confuse Swaziland with?
10.	What will Google Maps now have to change?

## **MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ**

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html

- 1) What did the article say about the size of Swaziland?
- a) it was the world's smallest nation
- b) it was tiny
- c) it was the size of New York
- d) it was growing
- 2) What does eSwatini mean?
- a) God's rich country
- b) land of the brave
- c) land of the Swatini
- d) land of the Swazis
- 3) How old is King Mswati III?
- a) 50
- b) 51
- c) 49
- d) 55
- 4) What jubilee did the article mention?
- a) the Diamond Jubilee
- b) the Platinum Jubilee
- c) the Golden Jubilee
- d) the Silver Jubilee
- 5) What names did King Mswati say African nations reverted to?
- a) local names
- b) ancient names
- c) international names
- d) geographical names

- 6) Where had the name change been talked about?
- a) in the African Union
- b) at the UN
- c) in official circles
- d) in the newspapers
- 7) In what year did Swaziland get its independence from Britain?
- a) 1965
- b) 1967
- c) 1969
- d) 1968
- 8) What was the colonial name of Zambia?
- a) Northern Rhodesia
- b) Bechuanaland
- c) Nyasaland
- d) Zaire
- 9) Which country would people no longer confuse Swaziland with?
- a) Switzerland
- b) South Africa
- c) Lesotho
- d) Senegal
- 10) What will Google Maps now have to change?
- a) a border
- b) its databases
- c) its web page
- d) its search engine

#### **ROLE PLAY**

From <a href="https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html">https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html</a>

#### Role A – A Colourful Flag

You think a country needs a colourful flag most. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): a national anthem, a sea port or a monarchy.

#### Role B - A National Anthem

You think a country needs a national anthem most. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): a colourful flag, a sea port or a monarchy.

#### Role C - A Sea Port

You think a country needs a sea port most. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): a national anthem, a colourful flag or a monarchy.

#### Role D - A Monarchy

You think a country needs a monarchy most. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): a national anthem, a sea port or a colourful flag.

### AFTER READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html

**1. WORD SEARCH:** Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'country' and 'name'.

country	name

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
  - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
  - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

<ul><li>tiny</li><li>local</li><li>power</li></ul>	<ul><li>circles</li><li>regularly</li><li>gained</li></ul>
<ul><li>50</li><li>ancient</li></ul>	<ul><li>renamed</li><li>confuse</li></ul>
<ul> <li>kingdom</li> </ul>	• add

### **COUNTRY NAMES SURVEY**

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html

Write five GOOD questions about country names in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

#### **COUNTRY NAMES DISCUSSION**

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1. What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2. What images are in your mind when you hear the word 'country'?
- 3. What do you know about Swaziland?
- 4. What do you think of the new name of eSwatini?
- 5. Should there still be absolute monarchs in the world?
- 6. What is the point of having a monarch?
- 7. What should happen in a country's independence celebrations?
- 8. How much do you like your country's name?
- 9. How did colonization change the world?
- 10. What do you know about King Mswati III?

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### **COUNTRY NAMES DISCUSSION**

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12. What do you think of when you hear the word 'kingdom'?
- 13. What do you think about what you read?
- 14. What would you change your country's name to?
- 15. How many countries would you like to visit?
- 16. Will the number of countries increase or decrease in the future?
- 17. How good are you at naming the world's countries?
- 18. How are Switzerland and Swaziland similar and different?
- 19. How does a name change affect a country and its people?
- 20. What questions would you like to ask King Mswati III?

## **DISCUSSION** (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

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SCU	SSION (Write your own question	
SCU DENT I	SSION (Write your own question B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)	
SCU DENT I	SSION (Write your own question	
SCU DENT I	SSION (Write your own question B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)	
SCU DENT I	SSION (Write your own question B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)	
SCU DENT I	SSION (Write your own question B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)	
SCU	SSION (Write your own question B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)	
SCU	SSION (Write your own question B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)	

## **LANGUAGE - CLOZE**

nam lang man (4) _ his ! "Afri befo	e to e uage. age h 50th can c	of the (1)eSwatini. The research of the (1)eSwatini. The research of Swatiney were colonizes, (5)ey were colonizes of Swatinesy were swatinesy wereesy werees	new na II is an he like razi ind aking a ge zed. So	me means "la (3) more s. He rename ependence fr t the nation' tting indeper	and of narch, ed his rom Bri s Gold ndence,	the Swazis" which mean land on Thu tain. The da en Jubilee o	in the (s he has rsday a lay also (celebration) their a	Sthe power to the celebrations coincided with ons, he said:
		ge of name ha						_
	_	arly referred to						•
-		it, at the Unit				-		
		l (9) ind lonies, it retair	-			-		
		Rhodesia ren				_		
Bots	wana	, and Rhodesi	a becai	me Zimbabw	e. King	g Mswati sai	id that	from now on,
peop	ole wo	ould not (11)	his	country with	Switze	erland. The	UN, God	gle Maps and
Inte	rnet c	ompanies now	have t	.o (12) e	Swatin	i to their dat	abases.	
Put	the c	orrect words	from	the table be	low in	the above	article	
1.	(a)	tinged	(b)	tiny	(c)	tinted	(d)	tinny
2.	(a)	locally	(b)	local	(c)	localized	(d)	locality
3.	(a)	absolution	(b)	absolutely	(c)	absolved	(d)	absolute
4.	(a)	marketing	(b)	marking	(c)	making	(d)	makeover
5.	(a)	as	(b)	up	(c)	an	(d)	on
6.	(a)	offices	(b)	officiated	(c)	officially	(d)	officialdom
7.	(a)	circles	(b)	ovals	(c)	squares	(d)	shapes
8.	(a)	on	(b)	at	(c)	as	(d)	in
9.	(a)	wrangled	(b)	reaped	(c)	scooped	(d)	gained
10.	(a)	era	(b)	epoch	(c)	phase	(d)	generation
11.	(a)	confuse	(b)	twist	(c)	bewilder	(d)	baffle
12.	(a)	add	(b)	affix	(c)	annex	(d)	attach

#### **SPELLING**

From <a href="https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html">https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html</a>

### Paragraph 1

- 1. King Mswati III is an absolute <u>cmahrno</u>
- 2. <u>ecetabnilosr</u> marking 50 years
- 3. the nation's Golden ibJeuel
- 4. reverted to their aetninc names
- 5. before they were oolzcedin
- 6. known as the gKnomdi of eSwatini

### Paragraph 2

- 7. talked about in <u>cfiaoifl</u> circles for years
- 8. regularly efrderre to Swaziland
- 9. in his country's mitparalen
- 10. Swaziland gained <u>eecdpdnieenn</u> from Britain
- 11. retained its naolocli-era name
- 12. secfonu his country with Switzerland

## **PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER**

From <a href="https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html">https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html</a>

#### Number these lines in the correct order.

(	)	on, the country will officially be known as the Kingdom of eSwatini."
(	)	of the Swazis" in the local Swati language. King Mswati III is an absolute monarch, which means he has the power
(	)	at the nation's Golden Jubilee celebrations, he said: "African countries, on getting
(	<b>1</b> )	The king of the tiny African nation of Swaziland has changed his country's name to eSwatini. The new name means "land
(	)	to manage his country as he likes. He renamed his land on Thursday at celebrations marking 50 years
(	)	Maps and Internet companies now have to add eSwatini to their databases.
(	)	of Swazi independence from Britain. The day also coincided with his 50th birthday. Speaking
(	)	The change of name has been talked about in official circles for years. The king has regularly
(	)	colonies, it retained its colonial-era name. Nyasaland became Malawi, Northern Rhodesia renamed itself
(	)	independence, reverted to their ancient names before they were colonized. So from now
(	)	referred to Swaziland as eSwatini in addresses in his country's parliament, at the United Nations General Assembly and to
(	)	Zambia, Bechuanaland changed its name to Botswana, and Rhodesia became Zimbabwe. King Mswati
(	)	said that from now on, people would not confuse his country with Switzerland. The UN, Google
(	)	the African Union. Swaziland gained independence from Britain in 1968, but unlike other former British

### PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html

- 1. nation . the African king The of tiny
- 2. his has the power He manage country . to
- 3. The birthday . coincided with also his 50th day
- 4. the nation's celebrations . Golden Speaking at Jubilee
- 5. Their names were colonized . ancient before they
- 6. about for in years . official Talked circles
- 7. gained Swaziland Britain from in 1968 . independence
- 8. colonial-era colonies, name . its other retained it Unlike
- 9. not confuse his with would country People Switzerland .
- 10. add to have Companies to databases . their eSwatini

## **CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)**

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html

The king of the *tinny / tiny* African nation of Swaziland has changed his country's name to eSwatini. The new name *meant / means* "land of the Swazis" in the *local / locally* Swati language. King Mswati III is an *absolutely / absolute* monarch, which means he has the power to manage his country as he likes. He renamed his land on Thursday at *celebratory / celebrations marking / making* 50 years of Swazi independence from Britain. The day also *coincided / coincidence* with his 50th birthday. Speaking at the nation's Golden Jubilee celebrations, he said: "African countries, *as / on* getting independence, *reverted / reported* to their ancient names before they were colonized. So from now on, the country will *official / officially* be known as the Kingdom of eSwatini."

The *charge / change* of name has been talked about in official *ovals / circles* for years. The king has regularly *conferred / referred* to Swaziland as eSwatini in *addresses / address* in his country's parliament, at the United Nations General Assembly and to the African Union. Swaziland *gained / fought* independence from Britain in 1968, but *like / unlike* other former British colonies, it retained its colonial-era name. Nyasaland became Malawi, Northern Rhodesia renamed *oneself / itself* Zambia, Bechuanaland changed its name to Botswana, and Rhodesia became Zimbabwe. King Mswati said that from now *off /on*, people would not *confuse / refuse* his country with Switzerland. The UN, Google Maps and Internet companies now have to *add / plus* eSwatini to their databases.

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

## **INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)**

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html

w\_z\_l\_nd h\_s ch\_ng\_d h\_s c\_\_ ntry's n\_m\_ t\_  $\_S$   $w_t_n_.$  T  $h_n_w$   $n_m_m_n_s$   $"l_nd$   $_f$  t  $h_s$  $w_zs$  "  $_n$  th\_  $l_cl$  S  $w_t$   $l_ng_g$   $g_s$  K\_ng M s  $w\_t\_ \ I \ I \ I \ \_s \ \_n \ \_b \ s\_l\_t\_ \ m\_n\_r \ c \ h \ , \ \ w \ h\_c \ h \ \ m\_\_ \ n$ s h\_ h\_s t h\_ p\_w\_r t\_ m\_n\_g\_ h\_s c\_\_ n t r y \_s h\_ l\_k\_s. H\_ r\_n\_m\_d h\_s l\_n d \_n T h\_r s d\_y \_t  $c_lb_rt_n s_m_rk_ng_50$   $y_rs_fS_w_z_n$  $c_d_d$  w\_th h\_s 50th b\_rthd\_y. Sp\_\_ k\_ng\_t  $d_p_n d_n c_, r_v_r t_d t_t h_r_n c_n t_n_s$  $b_f_r$   $t h_y w_r$   $c_l_n_z_d$ .  $S_f_m n_w_n$ , th\_ c\_\_ ntry w\_ll \_ff\_c\_\_ lly b\_ kn\_wn \_s th\_  $K_n g d_m _f S w_t_n.$ 

Th\_ ch\_ng\_ \_f n\_m\_ h\_s b\_\_ n t\_lk\_d \_b\_\_ t \_n  $\_f f\_c\_\_ I c\_r c I\_s f\_r y\_\_ r s . T h\_\_ k\_n g h\_s$  $\_d\ d\ r\_s\ s\_s\ \_n\ h\_s\ c\_\_\ n\ t\ r\ y\ 's\ p\_r\ l\_\_\ m\_n\ t\ ,\ \_t$ th\_Un\_t\_d N\_t\_\_ns G\_n\_r\_l Ass\_mbly \_nd t\_  $th_A fr_c_n Un_n . Sw_z_l_n d g_n_d _n d_p_n$  $f_r m_r B r_t s h c_l n_s s$ ,  $_t r_t n_d _t s$  $c_{n_1} = 1 - r_n - r_n$ . N y\_s\_l\_n d b\_c\_m\_ M\_l\_w\_, N\_r  $th_rn Rh_ds_rn_m_dts_lf Z_mb__, B_ch__$  $h_d_s_b b_c_m Z_m b_b w_.$   $K_n g M s w_t_s_d t$  $h_t f_m n_w n, p_p p_w ld n_t c_n f_s$  $h_s$   $c_n try w_th Sw_tz_rl_nd. Th_UN,$  $G_{\underline{\phantom{a}}}$  g  $I_{\underline{\phantom{a}}}$   $M_{\underline{\phantom{a}}}$  p s  $\underline{\phantom{a}}$  n d I n t\_r n\_t c\_m p\_n\_ $\underline{\phantom{a}}$  s n\_w $h_v_t t_d d S w_t_n t_t t_t r d_t_b_s_s$ .

PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html

the king of the tiny african nation of swaziland has changed his countrys

name to eswatini the new name means land of the swazis in the local swati

language king mswati iii is an absolute monarch which means he has the

power to manage his country as he likes he renamed his land on thursday at

celebrations marking 50 years of swazi independence from britain the day

also coincided with his 50th birthday speaking at the nations golden jubilee

celebrations he said african countries on getting independence reverted to

their ancient names before they were colonized so from now on the country

will officially be known as the kingdom of eswatini

the change of name has been talked about in official circles for years the

king has regularly referred to swaziland as eswatini in addresses in his

countrys parliament at the united nations general assembly and to the

african union swaziland gained independence from britain in 1968 but unlike

other former british colonies it retained its colonialera name nyasaland

became malawi northern rhodesia renamed itself zambia bechuanaland

changed its name to botswana and rhodesia became zimbabwe king mswati

said that from now on people would not confuse his country with switzerland

the un google maps and internet companies now have to add eswatini to

their databases.

**Level 6** Swaziland changes its name to eSwatini – 22nd April, 2018 More free lessons at breakingnewsenglish.com - Copyright Sean Banville 2018

## PUT A SLASH ( / ) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1804/180422-eswatini.html

ThekingofthetinyAfricannationofSwazilandhaschangedhiscountry's nametoeSwatini.Thenewnamemeans"landoftheSwazis"inthelocalS watilanguage.KingMswatiIIIisanabsolutemonarch,whichmeansheh asthepowertomanagehiscountryashelikes. Herenamedhislandon Th ursdayatcelebrationsmarking50yearsofSwaziindependencefromBri tain.Thedayalsocoincidedwithhis50thbirthday.Speakingatthenation 'sGoldenJubileecelebrations, hesaid: "African countries, ongetting ind ependence, reverted to their ancient names before they were colonized. Sofromnowon, the country will officially be known as the Kingdom of e Sw atini."Thechangeofnamehasbeentalkedaboutinofficialcirclesforyear s.ThekinghasregularlyreferredtoSwazilandaseSwatiniinaddressesin hiscountry'sparliament, at the United Nations General Assembly and tot heAfricanUnion.SwazilandgainedindependencefromBritainin1968,b utunlikeotherformerBritishcolonies, itretaineditscolonial-eranam e.NyasalandbecameMalawi,NorthernRhodesiarenameditselfZambi a, Bechuanaland change dits name to Botswana, and Rhodesia became Zimbabwe.KingMswatisaidthatfromnowon,peoplewouldnotconfuse hiscountrywithSwitzerland.TheUN,GoogleMapsandInternetcompan iesnowhavetoaddeSwatinitotheirdatabases.

## **FREE WRITING**

Write about <b>country names</b> for 10 minutes. Comment on your partner's paper.						

## **ACADEMIC WRITING**

y is a country's name important? Do you like the name of your nation?					

#### **HOMEWORK**

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about this news story. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. COUNTRY NAMES:** Make a poster about country names. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. ANCIENT NAMES:** Write a magazine article renaming all countries to their ancient names. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against this.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

- **5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.
- **6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on country names. Ask him/her three questions about them. Give him/her three of your opinions on this. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

### **ANSWERS**

### **VOCABULARY (p.4)**

1. d 2. b 3. f 4. С 5. q 6. а 7. e 9. i 8. k Т 10. 11. h 12. n 13. i 14. m

#### TRUE / FALSE (p.5)

a F b T c T d T e F f T g F h F

#### **SYNONYM MATCH (p.5)**

1. tiny a. very small 2. monarch b. sovereign 3. reverted went back c. 4. ancient d. old colonized 5. occupied e. 6. parliament f. legislature 7. former a. one-time 8. era h. period 9. from now on henceforth i. 10. confuse mistake į.

#### **COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.9)**

#### WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER (p.20)

1. It was tinv 1. The king of the tiny African nation. 2. Land of the Swazis 2. He has the power to manage his country. 3. 3. The day also coincided with his 50th birthday. 4. The country's Golden Jubilee 4. Speaking at the nation's Golden Jubilee celebrations. 5. 5. Ancient names Their ancient names before they were colonized. 6. In official circles 6. Talked about in official circles for years. 7. 7. 1968 Swaziland gained independence from Britain in 1968. 8. Northern Rhodesia 8. Unlike other colonies, it retained its colonial-era 9. 9. People would not confuse his country with Switzerland Switzerland. 10. Its databases 10. Companies have to add eSwatini to their databases.

### **MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.10)**

1. b 2. d 3. 4. 5. b 6. c 7. d 8. 9. 10. b а С а

#### **ALL OTHER EXERCISES**

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English ;-)