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Level 3 – 3rd December, 2018

Algeria is the new 'cradle of civilization'

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https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

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Please try Levels 0, 1 and 2 (they are easier).

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THE ARTICLE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

For many decades, scientists believed the earliest humans originated in East Africa. This belief has changed because of a collection of 2.4-million-year-old stone tools found in Algeria. Scientists now believe that Algeria and not East Africa is the cradle of civilization - where humankind began. The new find consists of 250 tools. There were also 296 animal bones. The scientists say the animal bones show that early humans were butchering meat. Dr Mohamed Sahnouni, leader of the project, said: "The evidence from Algeria changes the earlier view that East Africa was the cradle of humankind." He added: "Actually, the whole of Africa was the cradle of humankind."

Archaeologists have been digging at various sites on this project for 25 years. The sharp-edged tools and bones were discovered near the city of Setif, about 200 miles east of Algeria's capital, Algiers. In particular, the animal bones excited the scientists. Dr Sahnouni said it is now clear that humans were butchering animals for meat 600,000 years earlier than previously thought. A Spanish archaeologist said: "The effective use of sharp-edged tools ...suggests that our ancestors were not mere scavengers." She said it wasn't clear whether or not they hunted, but they did compete with other animals to get access to meat. Dr Sahnouni now hopes to find the tool-makers and even older stone tools.

Sources:

https://edition.cnn.com/2018/11/30/world/human-tools-north-africa-humanity-scli-intl/index.html http://www.sci-news.com/archaeology/oldowan-stone-tools-ain-boucherit-algeria-06672.html https://www.dw.com/en/algeria-the-new-cradle-of-civilization/a-46515910

WARM-UPS

- **1. HUMANS:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about humans. Change partners often and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

decades / scientists / humans / stone tools / civilization / animal bones / meat / Africa sites / project / capital city / archaeologist / ancestors / scavengers / hunter / hopes

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

- **3. ORIGINS:** Students A **strongly** believe it is important to know where humans originated; Students B **strongly** believe it isn't. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **4. EARLIEST HUMANS:** How did the earliest humans live? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	What did they do?	Is this better than today?
Food		
Shelter		
Hobbies		
Exercise		
Travel		
Fun		

- **5. HUMAN:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "human". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.
- **6. CIVILIZATION:** Rank these with your partner. Put the things that change civilizations most at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.

religion

Internet

science

trade

war

technology

· movies and music

sport

VOCABULARY MATCHING

Paragraph 1

- 1. decade a. Have a known beginning.
- 2. originated b. The society, culture, and way of life of an area.
- 3. belief c. A place, process, or event in which something starts or grows.
- 4. cradle d. A thinking that something is true or that something exists or is real.
- 5. civilization e. A period of ten years.
- 6. consists f. All of the facts or information that show a belief or idea is true.
- 7. evidence g. Is made up of.

Paragraph 2

- 8. archaeologists h. A family member who was alive a long time ago.
- 9. various i. A person who studies human history and prehistory through the digging of sites and looks at very old things.
- 10. sites j. Killing and cutting up an animal for food.
- 11. bones k. An animal that feeds on dead plant material, dead animals, or trash.
- 12. butchering I. A place where a particular event or activity is happening or has happened.
- 13. ancestors m. Any of the pieces of hard whitish tissue making up the skeleton in humans and other animals.
- 14. scavengers n. Different kinds or sorts.

BEFORE READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- a. For many centuries, scientists thought civilization started in East Africa. T / F
- b. Stone tools over two million years old were found in Algeria. T / F
- c. Archaeologists found 296 stone tools and 250 animal bones. T/F
- d. A scientist said the north of Africa was the cradle of humankind. T / F
- e. Archaeologists have been working on the project for 25 years. T / F
- f. Humans cut up animals for meat earlier than we thought. **T/F**
- g. An archaeologist said our ancestors were not only scavengers. T / F
- h. An archaeologist said he hoped to find old buildings. T / F

2. SYNONYM MATCH: (The words in **bold** are from the news article.)

- 1. believed
- 2. collection
- 3. began
- 4. butchering
- 5. evidence
- 6. various
- 7. clear
- 8. previously
- 9. mere
- **10.** find

- a. originated
- b. obvious
- c. proof
- d. set
- e. different
- f. just
- g. thought
- h. discover
- i. cutting up
- i. earlier

3. PHRASE MATCH: (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. This belief has
- 2. The new find consists
- 3. early humans were
- 4. The evidence from Algeria changes
- 5. Africa was the cradle
- 6. Archaeologists have been digging
- 7. discovered near
- 8. 600,000 years earlier than
- 9. our ancestors were not
- 10. Dr Sahnouni now hopes to find

- a. the city of Setif
- b. of humankind
- c. mere scavengers
- d. of 250 tools
- e. butchering meat
- f. at various sites
- a. the earlier view
- h. the tool-makers
- i. changed
- j. previously thought

GAP FILL

For many (1), scientists believed the earliest	stone
humans originated in East Africa. This (2) has	bones
changed because of a collection of 2.4-million-year-old	whole
that Algeria and not East Africa is the cradle of civilization - where	decades
humankind began. The new (4) consists of 250	earlier
tools. There were also 296 animal (5) The	find
scientists say the animal bones show that early humans were	belief
butchering (6) Dr Mohamed Sahnouni, leader of the project, said: "The evidence from Algeria changes the	meat
(7) view that East Africa was the cradle of	
humankind." He added: "Actually, the (8) of Africa	
was the cradle of humankind."	
Archaeologists have been digging at (9) sites on	clear
this project for 25 years. The (10)edged tools and	ancestors
bones were discovered near the city of Setif, about 200 miles east	sharp
of Algeria's capital, Algiers. In (11), the animal	,
bones excited the scientists. Dr Sahnouni said it is now	older
(12) that humans were butchering animals for meat	various
600,000 years earlier than (13) thought. A Spanish	access
archaeologist said: "The effective use of sharp-edged tools	particular
suggests that our (14) were not mere	previously
scavengers." She said it wasn't clear whether or not they hunted,	previousiy
but they did compete with other animals to get (15)	
to meat. Dr Sahnouni now hopes to find the tool-makers and even	
(16) stone tools.	

LISTENING — Guess the answers. Listen to check.

1)	For many decades, scientists believed the earliest humans East Africa a. originate in b. origin dates in	
21	c. originated in d. origin dated in This belief has shanged because of a collection of 2.4 million year old	
۷)	This belief has changed because of a collection of 2.4-million-year-old a. stone tools b. stoned tool c. stones tools d. stone tool	
3)	Algeria and not East Africa is the cradle of civilization - where a. humanly kind began b. human kindness began c. humankind began d. humane kind began	
4)	The scientists say the animal bones show that early humans were a. butcher in meat b. butcher ring meat c. butch a ring meat d. butchering meat	
5)	Sahnouni, leader of the project, said: "The evidence from Algeria changes a. the earlier view b. the earlier views c. the earlier viewer d. the earlier viewed	
6)	Archaeologists have been digging at various sites on this years a. project for 25 b. projector for 25 c. projects for 25 d. projection for 25	
7)	The sharp-edged tools and bones were discovered a. nears the city b. near the city c. nearly the city d. neared the city	
8)	butchering animals for meat 600,000 years earlier than a. previous thought b. imperviously thought c. previously thought d. privy as thought	
9)	sharp-edged toolssuggests that our ancestors were a. not mare scavengers b. not more scavengers c. not mire scavengers d. not mere scavengers	
10	whether or not they hunted, but they did compete with other animals to me	at
•	a. get access to	
	b. get excess to c. get ax test to	
	d. get recess to	

LISTENING – Listen and fill in the gaps

For many decades, scientists believed the earliest (1)
East Africa. This belief has changed because of a collection of 2.4-million-
year-old stone (2) Algeria. Scientists now believe
that Algeria and not East Africa is the cradle of civilization - where
humankind began. The new (3) 250 tools. There
were also 296 animal bones. The scientists say the animal bones show that
early humans (4) Dr Mohamed Sahnouni, leader of
the project, said: "The evidence from Algeria changes
(5) that East Africa was the cradle of humankind." He
added: "Actually, (6) Africa was the cradle of
humankind."
Archaeologists have been digging (7) on this project
for 25 years. The sharp-edged tools and bones were discovered near the city
of Setif, about 200 (8) Algeria's capital, Algiers. In
particular, the animal bones excited the scientists. Dr Sahnouni said it is now
clear that humans were butchering (9) 600,000
years earlier than previously thought. A Spanish archaeologist said: "The
effective use of sharp-edged toolssuggests (10)
were not mere scavengers." She said it wasn't clear whether or not they
hunted, but they did compete with other animals to
(11) meat. Dr Sahnouni now hopes to find the tool-
makers (12) stone tools.

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

 $From \ \ \underline{https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html}$

1.	For how long did scientists believe humans originated in East Africa?
2.	How old were the stone tools that were found?
3.	How many animal bones did the archeologists find?
4.	What did a scientist say early humans were butchering?
5.	What did an archaeologist say was the "cradle of humankind"?
6.	For how long have the archaeologists been working on the project?
7.	How far is the city of Setif from the capital Algiers?
8.	How many years earlier have we been butchering meat then we thought?
9.	What does the use of tools suggest early humans might have done?
10.	What does the project leader now hope to find?

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ

- 1) For how long did scientists believe humans originated in East Africa?
- a) generations
- b) centuries
- c) years
- d) decades
- 2) How old were the stone tools that were found?
- a) 2.2 million years old
- b) 2.4 million years old
- c) 2.6 million years old
- d) 2.3 million years old
- 3) How many animal bones did the archaeologists find?
- a) 205
- b) 269
- c) 296
- d) 250
- 4) What did a scientist say early humans were butchering?
- a) meat
- b) ideas
- c) each other
- d) the rainforest
- 5) What did an archaeologist say was the "cradle of humankind"?
- a) Greece
- b) Mesopotamia
- c) the whole of Africa
- d) Arabia

- 6) For how long have the archaeologists been working on the project?
- a) 20 years
- b) 25 years
- c) 22 years
- d) 18 years
- 7) How far is the city of Setif from the capital Algiers?
- a) just over 200 miles
- b) exactly 200 miles
- c) slightly less than 200 miles
- d) about 200 miles
- 8) How many years earlier have we been butchering meat then we thought?
- a) 600,000 years
- b) 6 million years
- c) 60,000 years
- d) sixteen thousand years
- 9) What does the use of tools suggest early humans might have done?
- a) built houses
- b) mined
- c) hunted
- d) made sculptures
- 10) What does the project leader now hope to find?
- a) ancient meat
- b) even older stone tools
- c) gold
- d) clothing

ROLE PLAY

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

Role A - Religion

You think religion is most responsible for changing civilization today. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things don't affect civilization as much. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): the Internet, trade or movies.

Role B - Internet

You think the Internet is most responsible for changing civilization today. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things don't affect civilization as much. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): religion, trade or movies.

Role C - Trade

You think trade is most responsible for changing civilization today. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things don't affect civilization as much. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): the Internet, religion or movies.

Role D - Movies

You think movies are most responsible for changing civilization today. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things don't affect civilization as much. Also, tell the others which is the least important of these (and why): the Internet, trade or religion.

AFTER READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

1. WORD SEARCH: Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'human' and 'civilization'.

human	civilization

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
 - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
 - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

earliest	 various
 collection 	• city
• began	 excited
• leader	thought
• view	• mere
• whole	• access

CIVILIZATION SURVEY

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

Write five GOOD questions about civilization in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

CIVILIZATION DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1. What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2. What images are in your mind when you hear the word 'human'?
- 3. What did early humans do every day?
- 4. What did early humans look like?
- 5. How was life less stressful 2.4 million years ago?
- 6. What would early humans think about today's world?
- 7. What would life be like to live in a cave?
- 8. Why is it important we know where civilization began?
- 9. What did early humans have for breakfast, lunch and dinner?
- 10. Would you like to travel back in time 2.4 million years?

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CIVILIZATION DISCUSSION

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12. What do you think of when you hear the word 'civilization'?
- 13. What do you think about what you read?
- 14. How was life better 2.4 million years ago?
- 15. What would working as an archaeologist be like?
- 16. Is it better to be a scavenger or hunter?
- 17. What are the greatest things about today's civilization?
- 18. What will our civilization be like in the future?
- 19. What are the most important tools we use today?
- 20. What questions would you like to ask the archaeologists?

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

1	
2.	
3.	
٠	
5	
5	
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	CUSSION (Write your own questions)
DIS(CUSSION (Write your own questions) ENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
DIS(STUDE	CUSSION (Write your own questions)
DISC STUDE	CUSSION (Write your own questions)
DISC STUDE	CUSSION (Write your own questions)
DIS(STUDE 1 2	CUSSION (Write your own questions)
DIS	CUSSION (Write your own questions)

LANGUAGE - CLOZE

 $From \ \ \underline{https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html}$

For	many	(1), scien	itists b	elieved the	earliest	humans orig	ginated	in East Africa
This	belief	f has changed	becaus	se (2)	a collec	tion of 2.4-ı	million-y	ear-old stone
tools	foun	d in Algeria. S	cientist	s now (3)	that	Algeria and	not Eas	st Africa is the
crad	le of o	civilization - wl	nere hi	umankind b	egan. Th	ne new find	(4)	of 250 tools
Ther	e wer	e also 296 an	imal bo	ones. The s	cientists	say the an	imal boi	nes show tha
early	/ hum	nans were (5)	n	neat. Dr Mo	ohamed	Sahnouni, I	eader c	of the project
said	: "The	e evidence fron	n Algei	ria changes	the ear	lier view tha	at East /	Africa was the
	le of l ankin	humankind." H d."	e adde	ed: "Actually	/, the (6)	of Af	rica was	s the cradle o
Arch	aeolo	gists have bee	n diggi	ng at (7)	sites	on this proj	ject for	25 years. The
shar	p-edg	ed tools and	bones	were disco	vered n	ear the city	of Set	if, about 200
		(8) Algei						
		ists. Dr Sahno						_
		for meat 600	-			-	_	· ·
		gist said: "The were not mere			•	_		
		ut they did co		_				
		now hopes to f						
Put	the c	orrect words	from	the table b	elow in	the above	article	
1.	(a)	decadence	(b)	decades	(c)	decodes	(d)	decants
2.	(a)	on	(b)	at	(c)	as	(d)	of
3.	(a)	belief	(b)	believe	(c)	belies	(d)	belly
4.	(a)	contests	(b)	contents	(c)	consists	(d)	concerts
5.	(a)	butchering	(b)	butcher	(c)	butchers	(d)	butchered
6.	(a)	whole	(b)	entire	(c)	all	(d)	every
7.	(a)	varies	(b)	vary	(c)	variety	(d)	various
8.	(a)	of	(b)	on	(c)	at	(d)	by
9.	(a)	clearly	(b)	clear	(c)	cleared	(d)	clearing
10.	(a)	reflective	(b)	affective	(c)	effective	(d)	infective
11.	(a)	weather	(b)	if	(c)	whether	(d)	which
12.	(a)	meaty	(b)	meat	(c)	meet	(d)	meeting

SPELLING

Paragraph 1

- 1. For many <u>ceesadd</u>
- 2. humans <u>iaedorting</u> in East Africa
- 3. because of a illntoecoc of...
- 4. The new find tnscssoi of 250 tools
- 5. leader of the copjert
- 6. the lwoeh of Africa

Paragraph 2

- 7. digging at <u>uirsavo</u> sites
- 8. <u>svcodeeidr</u> near the city of Setif
- 9. east of Algeria's <u>lciatpa</u>, Algiers
- 10. earlier than <u>pueiorlvys</u> thought
- 11. The tffevciee use of sharp-edged tools
- 12. our <u>ersnastco</u> were not mere scavengers

PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

Number these lines in the correct order.

()	not East Africa is the cradle of civilization - where humankind began. The new find consists of 250
()	edged tools and bones were discovered near the city of Setif, about 200 miles east of Algeria's
()	thought. A Spanish archaeologist said: "The effective use of sharpedged toolssuggests that our ancestors
()	animals to get access to meat. Dr Sahnouni now hopes to find the tool-makers and even older stone tools.
()	were not mere scavengers." She said it wasn't clear whether or not they hunted, but they did compete with other
()	of a collection of 2.4-million-year-old stone tools found in Algeria. Scientists now believe that Algeria and
()	"The evidence from Algeria changes the earlier view that East Africa was the cradle of
(1)	For many decades, scientists believed the earliest humans originated in East Africa. This belief has changed because
()	capital, Algiers. In particular, the animal bones excited the scientists. Dr Sahnouni said it is now clear
)	· · · ·
)	scientists. Dr Sahnouni said it is now clear humankind." He added: "Actually, the whole of Africa was the
()	scientists. Dr Sahnouni said it is now clear humankind." He added: "Actually, the whole of Africa was the cradle of humankind." tools. There were also 296 animal bones. The scientists say the
()	scientists. Dr Sahnouni said it is now clear humankind." He added: "Actually, the whole of Africa was the cradle of humankind." tools. There were also 296 animal bones. The scientists say the animal bones show that early Archaeologists have been digging at various sites on this project for

PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

- 1. the E. Africa . earliest Scientists believed in humans originated
- 2. collection stone A tools . 2.4-million-year-old of
- 3. began . The cradle of where humankind civilization
- 4. that butchering meat . were humans early show Bones
- 5. earlier from view . Algeria changes evidence the The
- 6. sites . been at have digging various Archaeologists
- 7. were sharp-edged tools bones and The discovered .
- 8. excited the bones animal scientists . the particular, In
- 9. It clear or hunted . wasn't not whether they
- 10. access to to Compete meat . with get animals

CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

For many *decades / decodes*, scientists believed the earliest humans originated in East Africa. This *believe / belief* has changed because of a *collection / collector* of 2.4-million-year-old stone tools *finding / found* in Algeria. Scientists now believe that Algeria and not East Africa is the cradle of civilization - where humankind began. The new *found / find* consists of 250 tools. There were *again / also* 296 animal bones. The scientists say the animal bones show that early humans were *butchered / butchering* meat. Dr Mohamed Sahnouni, leader *of / to* the project, said: "The evidence from Algeria changes the earlier *view / viewed* that East Africa was the cradle of humankind." He added: "Actually, the *entire / whole* of Africa was the cradle of humankind."

Archaeologists have been digging at *variety / various* sites on this project for 25 years. The sharp-edged tools and *bones / bony* were discovered near the city of Setif, about 200 miles east *of / off* Algeria's capital, Algiers. In particular, the animal bones *exited / excited* the scientists. Dr Sahnouni said it is now clear that *humane / humans* were butchering animals for meat 600,000 years earlier than previously *thought / think*. A Spanish archaeologist said: "The *effected / effective* use of sharp-edged tools ...suggests that our ancestors were not *mare / mere* scavengers." She said it wasn't clear whether or not they *hunted / haunted*, but they did compete with other animals to get access to meat. Dr Sahnouni now hopes to find the tool-makers and even older *stoned / stone* tools.

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

 $F_r m_n y d_c_d_s$, $sc_n t_s ts b_l_v v_d th_v$ rl__st h_m_ns _r_g_n_t_d _n E_st Afr_c_. Th_s b_l__ f h_s c h_n g_d b_c__ s_ _f _ c_l l_c t__ n _f 2.4-m_ll__ n-y__ r-_ ld st_n_ t__ ls f__ nd _n A l g r $_{-}$. S c $_{-}$ n t $_{-}$ s t s n $_{-}$ w b $_{-}$ l $_{-}$ v $_{-}$ t h $_{-}$ tg_r__ _n d n_t E_s t A f r_c_ _s t h_ c r_d l_ _f $c_v_l_z_t_n - w_h_r_h_m_n k_n d b_g_n$. T h_ n_w f_nd $c_ns_sts_f$ 250 $t_ls.$ Th_r_ $w_r_$ $_{ls}$ 296 $_{nm_{l}}$ b $_{ns}$. Th $_{sc}$ nt $_{sts}$ s $_{y}$ t h__n_m_l b_n_s sh_w th_t __ rly h_m_ns w_r_ $b_t c_{n-1} g m_t . Dr M_h_m_d S_h n_n_ n_t$ $d_r _f th_p r_j_c t$, $s_d : "Th_v_d_n c_f r_m$ Alg_r__ ch_ng_s th_ __ rl__ r v__ w th_t E_s t A f r_c_ w_s t h_ c r_d l_ _f h_m_n k_n d . " H_ _d $d_d:$ "Act__ IIy, th_ wh_I_ _f Afr_c_ w_s th_ $cr_dl_fh_m_nk_nd.$

A r c h___l_g_s t s $\,$ h_v_ b__ n $\,$ d_g g_n g _t $\,$ v_r___s $s_t_s_n th_s pr_j_ct f_r 25 y_rs. Th_s$ $h_r p -_d g_d t_l s_n d b_n_s w_r_ d_s c_v_r_d$ $n_{r} r t h_{c} t y_{f} S_{t} f$, $b_{t} t 200 m_{s} s_{s} t$ _f Alg_r__'s c_p_t_l, Alg__rs. In p_rt_c_l_r , $t h_{-} n_{-} m_{-} l b_{-} n_{-} s x c_{-} t_{-} d t h_{-} s c_{-} n t_{-} s t s$. D w_r_ b_t c h_r_n g _n_m_l s f_r m__ t 600,000 y__ rs __ rl__ r th_n pr_v__sly th__ ght. A $S \ p_n_s \ h \ _r \ c \ h___l_g_s \ t \ s__ \ d : \ " \ T \ h__f \ f_c \ t_v__s_$ _f sh_rp-_dg_d t__ ls ...s_gg_sts th_t __ r $_$ n c_s t_r s w_r_ n_t m_r_ s c_v_n g_r s . " S h_ s__ $d_t w_s n't_c l_r w_h_t h_r_r n_t t_h_y h_n$ t_d , b_t t h_y d_d c_m $p_t_$ w_t h t h_r $_n_m_l$ st_ g_t _c c_s s t_ m__ t . Dr S_h n__ n_ n_w h_p_s t_ f_n d t h_ t__ l - m_k_r s _n d _v_n _l d_r $st_n_t = t_l \cdot s$.

PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

for many decades scientists believed the earliest humans originated in east

africa this belief has changed because of a collection of 24millionyearold

stone tools found in algeria scientists now believe that algeria and not east

africa is the cradle of civilization where humankind began the new find

consists of 250 tools there were also 296 animal bones the scientists say the

animal bones show that early humans were butchering meat dr mohamed

sahnouni leader of the project said the evidence from algeria changes the

earlier view that east africa was the cradle of humankind he added actually

the whole of africa was the cradle of humankind

archaeologists have been digging at various sites on this project for 25 years

the sharpedged tools and bones were discovered near the city of setif about

200 miles east of algerias capital algiers in particular the animal bones

excited the scientists dr sahnouni said it is now clear that humans were

butchering animals for meat 600000 years earlier than previously thought a

spanish archaeologist said the effective use of sharpedged tools suggests

that our ancestors were not mere scavengers she said it wasnt clear whether

or not they hunted but they did compete with other animals to get access to

meat dr sahnouni now hopes to find the toolmakers and even older stone

tools

Level 3 Algeria is the new 'cradle of civilization' – *3rd December, 2018*More free lessons at breakingnewsenglish.com - Copyright Sean Banville 2018

PUT A SLASH (/) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1812/181203-cradle-of-civilization.html

Formanydecades, scientists believed the earliest human soriginated in EastAfrica. This belief has changed because of a collection of 2.4-millionyear-oldstonetoolsfoundinAlgeria. Scientists now believe that Algeri aandnotEastAfricaisthecradleofcivilization-wherehumankindbega n.Thenewfindconsistsof250tools.Therewerealso296animalbones.T hescientistssaytheanimalbonesshowthatearlyhumanswerebutcheri ngmeat.DrMohamedSahnouni,leaderoftheproject,said:"Theeviden cefrom Algeria changes the earlier view that East Africa was the cradle of his properties of the control of tumankind."Headded:"Actually,thewholeofAfricawasthecradleofhu mankind."Archaeologistshavebeendiggingatvarioussitesonthisproj ectfor25years. The sharp-edged tools and bones were discovered near thecityofSetif,about200mileseastofAlgeria'scapital,Algiers.Inpartic ular, the animal bones excited the scientists. Dr Sahnounis aid it is now cle arthathumanswerebutcheringanimalsformeat600,000yearsearliert hanpreviouslythought. ASpanisharchaeologists aid: "The effective use ofsharp-edgedtools...suggeststhatourancestorswerenotmeresca vengers."Shesaiditwasn'tclearwhetherornottheyhunted,buttheydid competewithotheranimalstogetaccesstomeat.DrSahnouninowhope stofindthetool-makersandevenolderstonetools.

FREE WRITING

Write about civilization for 10 min	utes. Comment on your partner's paper.

ACADEMIC WRITING

It is important we know where civilization started. Discuss.

HOMEWORK

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about this news story. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. CIVILIZATION:** Make a poster about civilization. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. ARCHAEOLOGY:** Write a magazine article about increasing spending on archaeology. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against this.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

- **5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.
- **6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on civilization. Ask him/her three questions about this. Give him/her three of your opinions on why it is important to know where civilization began. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

ANSWERS

9.

9.

Hunted

mere

10. find

VOCABULARY (p.4)

1. e 2. а 3. d 4. С 5. h 6. q 7. f 8. i 9. n 10. 1 11. m 12. i 13. h 14. k

TRUE / FALSE (p.5)

a F b T c F d F e T f T g T h F

SYNONYM MATCH (p.5)

1. believed a. thought 2. collection b. set 3. c. originated began d. cutting up 4. butchering 5. evidence e. proof 6. various different clear 7. a. obvious h. earlier 8. previously

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.9)

WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER (p.20)

It wasn't clear whether or not they hunted.

j.

iust

discover

1. Decades 1. Scientists believed the earliest humans originated in E. Africa. A collection of 2.4-million-year-old stone tools. 2. 2.4 million years old 2. 3. 296 3. The cradle of civilization - where humankind began. 4. 4. Bones show that early humans were butchering Meat meat. 5. The whole of Africa The evidence from Algeria changes the earlier 6. 25 years 6. Archaeologists have been digging at various sites. 7. About 200 miles 7. The sharp-edged tools and bones were discovered. 8. In particular, the animal bones excited the 600,000 years 8. scientists.

10. Tool makers and older stone tools 10. Compete with animals to get access to meat.

9.

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.10)

1. d 2. b 3. c 4. a 5. c 6. b 7. d 8. a 9. c 10. b

ALL OTHER EXERCISES

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English ;-)