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Level 6 - 24th September, 2019

Hospitals get vintage makeover to help dementia

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https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

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Please try Levels 4 and 5 (they are easier).

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THE ARTICLE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

Hospitals in the United Kingdom are adapting to help people who suffer from dementia. Many hospitals have undergone a "vintage makeover" to make dementia patients feel more relaxed and to help trigger memories about the past. The makeover includes creating tea rooms (old-style cafes) that look the same as those from the 1950s; a small movie theatre where patients can watch old black and white films from yesteryear; and a 1950s-themed "memory room" full of furniture and artwork from the 1950s. The UK's National Health Service (NHS) said the "dementia-friendly adaptations" could help patients to cope with stress by relaxing in familiar surroundings that could bring back happy memories.

Dementia is a term for diseases and conditions that involve a decline in memory. It is also accompanied by a deterioration in language ability, problem-solving and other thinking skills. The condition greatly affects a person's ability to perform everyday activities. Alzheimer's is the most common cause of dementia. The World Health Organization estimates there to be 46.8 million people worldwide living with dementia. Someone in the world develops it every three seconds. The NHS believes its makeover facilities will help dementia patients. It said: "Having a dementia-friendly place to stay may help patients adjust better to their surroundings, lessen the likelihood of falls and reduce their reliance on medicine."

Sources: https://www.standard.co.uk/news/uk/nhs-hospitals-get-vintage-makeover-to-help-dementia-

patients-a4243011.html

https://www. the canary.co/breaking-news/2019/09/21/nhs-hospitals-using-vintage-make overs-to-properties of the control o

help-dementia-patients/

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/National_Health_Service_(England)

WARM-UPS

- **1. HEALTH SERVICES:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about health services. Change partners often and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

hospitals / dementia / vintage / makeover / tea room / yesteryear / furniture / happy diseases / memory / language ability / worldwide / three seconds / patients / reliance

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

- **3. MENTAL HEALTH:** Students A **strongly** believe mental health should be the biggest part of health care; Students B **strongly** believe it shouldn't. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **4. VINTAGE:** What are these things like from the 1950s? How do they compare with today? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	The 1950s	Today
Music		
TV shows		
Clothes		
Cars		
Restaurants		
Telephones		

- **5. SUFFER:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "suffer". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.
- **6. DEMENTIA:** Rank these with your partner. Put the things to best help with dementia at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.
 - Family
 - Hospitals
 - Friends
 - Medicine

- Doctors
- Reminders of the past
- · Old movies
- Reading

VOCABULARY MATCHING

Paragraph 1

- adapting a. Experience or be subjected to something bad or unpleasant.
- 2. suffer b. About something of higher quality, especially something from the past.
- 3. undergone c. Often encountered or experienced; common.
- 4. vintage d. The recent past, especially when recalled nostalgically.
- 5. makeover e. Cause an event or situation to happen or exist.
- 6. trigger f. Changing something and making it suitable for a new use or purpose.
- 7. familiar 9. A complete transformation or remodeling of something, especially a person's hairstyle, makeup, or clothes.

Paragraph 2

- 8. term h. Be present or occur at the same time as something else.
- 9. accompanied i. The process of becoming progressively worse.
- 10. deterioration j. Dependence on or trust in someone or something.
- 11. facility k. Change or move something a little in order to achieve the desired fit, appearance, or result.
- 12. adjust I. A place, amenity, or piece of equipment provided for a particular purpose.
- 13. surroundings m. A word or phrase used to describe a thing or to express a concept.
- 14. reliance n. The things and conditions around a person or thing.

BEFORE READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- a. The article said UK hospitals are adopting people with dementia. **T/F**
- b. A vintage makeover in hospitals could help patients recall old memories. T / F
- c. A hospital is showing patients old black and white movies. T / F
- d. A hospital has a room full of old furniture for dementia patients. T / F
- e. Dementia can lead to a loss of language ability. **T / F**
- f. The article says old age is the biggest cause of dementia. T / F
- g. Every 30 seconds, someone in the world develops dementia. T / F
- h. The hospitals expect to use more medicine with dementia patients. T / F

2. SYNONYM MATCH:

Match the following synonyms. The words in **bold** are from the news article.

- 1. adapting
- 2. makeover
- 3. trigger
- 4. yesteryear
- 5. surroundings
- 6. term
- 7. decline
- 8. cause
- 9. develops
- 10. reliance

- a. the old days
- b. setting
- c. dependence
- d. set off
- e. source
- f. changing
- g. gets
- h. deterioration
- i. new look
- j. word

3. PHRASE MATCH: (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. help people who suffer
- 2. black and white films
- 3. furniture and
- 4. help patients to cope
- 5. bring back
- 6. Dementia is a term for diseases
- 7. accompanied by a deterioration in
- 8. Alzheimer's is the most common
- 9. Someone in the world develops
- 10. reduce their reliance

- a. artwork from the 1950s
- b. happy memories
- c. it every three seconds
- d. cause of dementia
- e. from dementia
- f. on medicine
- g. and conditions
- h. with stress
- i. language ability
- j. from yesteryear

GAP FILL

 ${\color{red} From $ $ \underline{ https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html} $} }$

Hospitals in the United Kingdom are (1) to help	trigger
people who suffer from dementia. Many hospitals have	cope
(2) a "vintage makeover" to make dementia	adapting
patients feel more relaxed and to help (3) memories about the past. The makeover includes	yesteryear
·	undargana
(4) tea rooms (old-style cafes) that look the same	undergone
as those from the 1950s; a small movie theatre where patients	surroundings
can watch old black and white films from (5); and	creating
a 1950s-themed "memory room" full of (6) and	furniture
artwork from the 1950s. The UK's National Health Service (NHS)	rarmear c
said the "dementia-friendly adaptations" could help patients to	
(7) with stress by relaxing in familiar	
(8) that could bring back happy memories.	
Dementia is a term for diseases and conditions that involve a	estimates
(9) in memory. It is also accompanied by a	facilities
deterioration in language ability, problem-solving and other	decline
thinking skills. The (10) greatly affects a person's	uecime
ability to perform everyday activities. Alzheimer's is the most	reliance
common (11) of dementia. The World Health	condition
Organization (12) there to be 46.8 million people	develops
worldwide living with dementia. Someone in the world	lessen
(13) it every three seconds. The NHS believes its	
(13) it every three seconds. The NHS believes its makeover (14) will help dementia patients. It said:	cause
makeover (14) will help dementia patients. It said:	
makeover (14) will help dementia patients. It said: "Having a dementia-friendly place to stay may help patients	

LISTENING — Guess the answers. Listen to check.

1)	Hospitals in the United Kingdom are adapting to help people who a. suffered from dementia b. suffers from dementia c. suffer from dementia d. suffering from dementia
2)	to make dementia patients feel more relaxed and to a. help trigger memories b. help flicker memories c. help sliver memories d. help figure memories
3)	a small movie theatre where patients can watch old black and whitea. films from yesterday b. films from yesterweek c. films from yestermonth d. films from yesteryear
4)	the "dementia-friendly adaptations" could help a. patients to cape b. patients to cope c. patients to coop d. patients to cop
5)	by relaxing in familiar surroundings that could bring a. back happily memories b. back happy memorize c. back happy memories d. back happily memorials
6)	Dementia is a term for diseases and conditions that involve a a. decline by memory b. decline at memory c. decline on memory d. decline in memory
7)	a deterioration in language ability, problem-solving and a. other thinking skill b. other thinking skills c. another thinking skills d. others thinking skills
8)	The condition greatly affects a person's a. ability for perform b. ability to perform c. ability of perform d. ability and perform
9)	 a dementia-friendly place to stay may help patients adjust better a. to their surroundings b. to their supporting c. to their supposing d. to their supplanting
10) lessen the likelihood of falls and reduce their
	a. reliant on medicine
	b. rely once on medicine
	c. really once on medicine d. reliance on medicine

LISTENING – Listen and fill in the gaps

Hospitals in the United Kingdom $(1$) help people who
suffer from dementia. Many hospit	als have undergone a "vintage makeover"
to make dementia patien	ts feel more relaxed and to
(2) about	the past. The makeover includes creating
tea rooms (old-style cafes) that lo	ook the same as those from the 1950s; a
small movie theatre where (3)	old black and white
films from yesteryear; and a 195	50s-themed (4) of
furniture and artwork from the	1950s. The UK's National Health Service
(NHS) said the "dementia-friend	dly adaptations" could help patients to
(5) by rel	axing in familiar surroundings that could
(6) memor	ies.
Dementia is a (7)	and conditions that involve a
	and conditions that involve a companied by a deterioration in language
decline in memory. It is also acc	
decline in memory. It is also accability, problem-solving and (8)	companied by a deterioration in language
decline in memory. It is also accability, problem-solving and (8) greatly affects a person's ability to	companied by a deterioration in language
decline in memory. It is also accombility, problem-solving and (8) greatly affects a person's ability to the most (9)	companied by a deterioration in language The condition o perform everyday activities. Alzheimer's
decline in memory. It is also accombility, problem-solving and (8) greatly affects a person's ability to is the most (9) Organization estimates there to be	companied by a deterioration in language The condition o perform everyday activities. Alzheimer's dementia. The World Health
decline in memory. It is also accombility, problem-solving and (8) greatly affects a person's ability to is the most (9) Organization estimates there to be dementia. Someone in the (10)	companied by a deterioration in language The condition o perform everyday activities. Alzheimer's dementia. The World Health e 46.8 million people worldwide living with
decline in memory. It is also accombility, problem-solving and (8) greatly affects a person's ability to is the most (9) Organization estimates there to be dementia. Someone in the (10) The NHS believes its makeover face	companied by a deterioration in language The condition o perform everyday activities. Alzheimer's dementia. The World Health e 46.8 million people worldwide living with every three seconds.
decline in memory. It is also accombility, problem-solving and (8) greatly affects a person's ability to is the most (9) Organization estimates there to be dementia. Someone in the (10) The NHS believes its makeover factorial demential and demential demential.	companied by a deterioration in language The condition o perform everyday activities. Alzheimer's dementia. The World Health e 46.8 million people worldwide living with every three seconds. cilities will help dementia patients. It said:

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

1.	What might the vintage makeover trigger memories about?
2.	From what period will patients be able to see movies?
3.	What is a "memory room" full of?
4.	What surroundings did a health service say patients could relax in?
5.	What does a health service think the makeover will bring back?
6.	What did the article say deteriorates because of dementia?
7.	What does dementia greatly affect a person's ability to do?
8.	How often does someone develop dementia around the world?
9.	What might the patients have a lesser likelihood of doing?
10.	What do doctors hope patients will rely on less?

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ

- 1) What might the vintage makeover trigger memories about?
- a) being a baby
- b) tea rooms
- c) the past
- d) hospitals
- 2) From what period will patients be able to see movies?
- a) yesteryear
- b) a bygone age
- c) the good old days
- d) the post-war period
- 3) What is a "memory room" full of?
- a) furniture and artwork
- b) memories
- c) postcards and photos
- d) music and poetry
- 4) What surroundings did a health service say patients could relax in?
- a) bleak surroundings
- b) familiar surroundings
- c) pleasant surroundings
- d) natural surroundings
- 5) What does a health service think the makeover will bring back?
- a) mental agility
- b) brain cells
- c) cognition
- d) happy memories

- 6) What did the article say deteriorates because of dementia?
- a) memory recall
- b) language ability
- c) brain cells
- d) the skin
- 7) What does dementia greatly affect a person's ability to do?
- a) everyday things
- b) read
- c) follow instructions
- d) run
- 8) How often does someone develop dementia around the world?
- a) every 30 minutes
- b) every three minutes
- c) every three seconds
- d) every 30 seconds
- 9) What might the patients have a lesser likelihood of doing?
- a) relying
- b) adjusting
- c) remembering
- d) falling
- 10) What do doctors hope patients will rely on less?
- a) medicine
- b) hospitals
- c) themselves
- d) family

ROLE PLAY

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

Role A - Family

You think family is the best thing to help with dementia. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as helpful. Also, tell the others which is the least useful of these (and why): medicine, reminders of the past or reading.

Role B - Medicine

You think medicine is the best thing to help with dementia. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as helpful. Also, tell the others which is the least useful of these (and why): family, reminders of the past or reading.

Role C - Reminders of the Past

You think reminders of the past are the best things to help with dementia. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as helpful. Also, tell the others which is the least useful of these (and why): medicine, family or reading.

Role D - Reading

You think reading is the best thing to help with dementia. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as helpful. Also, tell the others which is the least useful of these (and why): medicine, reminders of the past or family.

AFTER READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

1. WORD SEARCH: Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'health' and 'service'.

health	service

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
 - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
 - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

adaptingfeelteaold	termproblemeverydayliving
• old	• living
• full	• believes
• back	• falls

HEALTH SERVICES SURVEY

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

Write five GOOD questions about health services in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

HEALTH SERVICES DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1. What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2. What images are in your mind when you hear the word 'health'?
- 3. What do you know about dementia?
- 4. How can we help people with dementia?
- 5. What do you think of the vintage makeover idea?
- 6. How worried are you about developing dementia?
- 7. Does thinking about the past make you happy?
- 8. What are your happiest memories of the past?
- 9. What do you think of black and white movies?
- 10. How do you cope with stress?

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HEALTH SERVICES DISCUSSION

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12. What do you think of when you hear the word 'dementia'?
- 13. What do you think about what you read?
- 14. How would a decline in memory affect someone's life?
- 15. Do you know anyone with dementia?
- 16. How would you help someone you loved with dementia?
- 17. What do you know about Alzheimer's?
- 18. How can scientists make Alzheimer's a thing of the past?
- 19. What is your idea of a 'dementia-friendly space'?
- 20. What questions would you like to ask the hospital bosses?

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

1	
2.	
-	
3.	
١	
5. ₋	
5.	
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	CUSSION (Write vour own auestions)
DIS	CUSSION (Write your own questions) ENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
DIS	CUSSION (Write your own questions)
DIS STUDE	CUSSION (Write your own questions)
DIS	CUSSION (Write your own questions)
DIS	CUSSION (Write your own questions)
DIS STUDE 1 2 3	CUSSION (Write your own questions)

LANGUAGE - CLOZE

Hospitals in the United Kingdom are (1) to help people who suffer from dementia. Many hospitals have undergone a "vintage makeover" to make dementia patients feel more relaxed and to help (2) memories about the past. The makeover includes creating tea rooms (old-style cafes) that look the same as (3) from the 1950s; a small movie theatre where patients can watch old black and white films from (4); and a 1950s-themed "memory room" full of furniture and artwork from the 1950s. The UK's National Health Service (NHS) said the "dementia-(5) adaptations" could help patients to cope with stress by relaxing in familiar surroundings that could bring back happy (6)								
Dem	entia i	s a term for dise	eases	and conditions	s that	t (7) a ded	cline i	n memory. It
is als	so aco	companied by a	det	erioration in la	angua	age ability, pro	oblem	n-solving and
other	thinl	king skills. The	cond	ition (8)	affec	cts a person's	abilit	y to perform
-	-	activities. Alzheir						
	_	janization estim						_
		ntia. Someone i s makeover fac		_				
		(11) plac		•		•		_
surro	undin	gs, lessen the lil	keliho	ood of falls and	redu	ice their (12)	01	n medicine."
Du+ f	he co	orrect words fr	om t	he table belo	w in	the above ar	ticla	
1.	(a)	adopting	(b)	adapting	(c)	adept	(d)	adaption
2.	(a)	barrel	(b)	trigger	(c)	bullet	(d)	lock
3.	(a)	this	(b)	they	(c)	them	(d)	those
4.	(a)	past	(b)	yesteryear	(c)	vintage	(d)	bygone
5.	(a)	happy	(b)	friendly	(c)	pleased	(d)	hearty
6.	(a)	memorials	(b)	memorize	(c)	memories	(d)	memes
7.	(a)	turnaround	(b)	replenish	(c)	involve	(d)	destined
8.	(a)	highly	(b)	such	(c)	greatly	(d)	increase
9.	(a)	thus	(b)	such	(c)	what	(d)	there
10.	(a)	by	(b)	all	(c)	whole	(d)	every
11.	(a)	friendly	(b)	friend	(c)	befriended	(d)	friends
12.	(a)	reliant	(b)	rely	(c)	reliance	(d)	reliably

SPELLING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

Paragraph 1

- 1. help <u>rgtrgei</u> memories
- 2. black and white films from ateeyryers
- 3. a 1950s-mehdet "memory room"
- 4. full of iunueftrr and artwork
- 5. dementia-friendly tdtsaniaapo
- 6. by relaxing in liiafamr surroundings

Paragraph 2

- 7. diseases and ndiooticns
- 8. a <u>inceled</u> in memory
- 9. a <u>oeoniertdirat</u> in language ability
- 10. teetsisma there to be 46.8 million
- 11. its makeover iiefltsaic
- 12. reduce their ielranec on medicine

PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

Number these lines in the correct order.

()	will help dementia patients. It said: "Having a dementia-friendly place to stay may help patients adjust
()	memories about the past. The makeover includes creating tearooms (old-style cafes) that look
(1)	Hospitals in the United Kingdom are adapting to help people who suffer from dementia. Many hospitals have
()	and white films from yesteryear; and a 1950s-themed "memory room" full of furniture and artwork from the
()	with stress by relaxing in familiar surroundings that could bring back happy memories.
()	Dementia is a term for diseases and conditions that involve a decline in memory. It is also accompanied
()	dementia. The World Health Organization estimates there to be 46.8 million people worldwide
()	the same as those from the 1950s; a small movie theatre where patients can watch old black
()	by a deterioration in language ability, problem-solving and other thinking skills. The condition greatly affects
()	living with dementia. Someone in the world develops it every three seconds. The NHS believes its makeover facilities
()	better to their surroundings, lessen the likelihood of falls and reduce their reliance on medicine."
()	undergone a "vintage makeover" to make dementia patients feel more relaxed and to help trigger
()	1950s. The UK's National Health Service (NHS) said the "dementia-friendly adaptations" could help patients to cope
()	a person's ability to perform everyday activities. Alzheimer's is the

PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

- 1. help who Adapting from to people dementia . suffer
- 2. more memories . relaxed to help trigger Feel and
- 3. Look as the from same 1950s, the those
- 4. patients relaxing . Help cope with to stress by
- 5. could that Familiar happy bring memories . surroundings back
- 6. memory . Conditions involve a decline in that
- 7. perform activities . a ability person's to everyday Affects
- 8. cause common the Alzheimer's of is most dementia .
- 9. dementia Its makeover will facilities patients . help
- 10. patients Help their adjust better to surroundings .

CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

Hospitals in the United Kingdom are *adopting / adapting* to help people who suffer *from / of* dementia. Many hospitals have undergone a "vintage makeover" to make dementia patients *felt / feel* more relaxed and to help trigger *memorials / memories* about the past. The makeover includes creating tea *rooms / room* (old-style cafes) that look the same as those from the 1950s; a small movie theatre where *patients / patience* can watch old black and white films from *yesterday / yesteryear*; and a 1950s-themed "memory room" *full / filled* of furniture and artwork from the 1950s. The UK's National Health Service (NHS) said the "dementia-friendly adaptations" could help patients to *cope / cape* with stress by relaxing in familiar surroundings that could bring back *happily / happy* memories.

Dementia is a term for diseases and *condition / conditions* that involve a decline in memory. It is *plus / also* accompanied by a deterioration in language ability, problem-solving and *other / another* thinking skills. The condition greatly affects a person's *ability / able* to perform everyday activities. Alzheimer's is the most *commonly / common* cause of dementia. The World Health Organization estimates *that / there* to be 46.8 million people worldwide living *on / with* dementia. Someone in the world develops it *every / all* three seconds. The NHS believes its makeover facilities will help dementia patients. It said: "Having a dementia-friendly place to stay may *help / helpful* patients just adjust better to their surroundings, lessen the likelihood of falls and reduce their *rely / reliance* on medicine."

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

y h_s p_t_l s h_v_ _n d_r g_n_ _ " v_n t_g_ m_k__ v_r " $t_\quad m_k_\quad d_m_n\ t__\quad p_t__\ n\ t\ s\quad f__\ l\quad m_r_\quad r_l_x_d\quad _n$ d t_ h_lp tr_g g_r m_m_r__ s _b__ t th_ p_s t. $Th_m_k_v_r_n cl_d_s$ $cr_t_n g$ $t_r_m s$ $(ld - styl c_f s) th_t l_k th_s_m_s th_s_$ fr_m th_ 1950s; _ sm_ll m_v__ th__tr_ w h_r_ p_t__ nts c_n w_tch _ld bl_ck _nd wh_t_ f_l m s f r_m y_s t_r y__ r; _n d _ 1 9 5 0 s - t h_m_d "m_m_ry r__ m " f_ll _f f_rn_t_r_ _n d _rtw_rk fr_m th_1950s . $Th_UK's$ $N_t_n = n_l$ H_l lth $S_r v_c (NHS) s_d th_ "d_m_nt__ - fr__ ndly$ $_d_p\ t_t__\ n\ s$ " $c__\ l\ d$ $h_l\ p$ $p_t__\ n\ t\ s$ $t_$ $c_p_$ w_t h str_ss by r_l_x_ng _n f_m_l__ r s_rr__ nd_n gs th_t c__ld br_ng b_ck h_ppy m_m_r__s. $D_m_n t_{_} s_t m_f_r d_s_s_s_n d_c_n d_t_n$ s th_t _n v_l v_ _ d_c l_n_ _n m_mry . It _s _ls_ $_c\ c_m\ p_n__\ d$ by $d_t_r__\ r_t__\ n$ $_n$ $l_n\ g__\ g_$ $_b_l_t$ y , $_p$ r $_b$ l_m - s $_l$ v $_n$ g $_n$ d $_t$ h $_r$ $_t$ h $_n$ k $_n$ g sk_lls. Th_ c_nd_t__ n gr__ tly _ff_cts _ p_r $s_n's_b_lty_t_p_rf_rm_v_ryd_y_ct_v_t_s$. A I z h__ m_r ' s _s t h_ m_s t c_m m_n c__ s_ _f $d_m_n t_{-}$. Th_ $W_r ld$ H__ lth Org_n_z_t__ n _s t_m_t_s t h_r_ t_ b_ 46.8 m_l l__ n p__ p l_ w_r l $w_r \ l \ d \ \ \, d_v_l_p \ s \ \ \, \underline{t} \ \ \, \underline{v}_r \ y \quad t \ h \ r__ \quad s_c_n \ d \ s \ . \quad T \ h_$ N H S $b_l v_s ts m_k v_r f_c_l t_s w_l l h_l$ $p \quad d_m_n \ t__ \quad p_t__ \ n \ t \ s__ \ d \ : \quad " \ H_v_n \ g \quad _$ $d_m_n t_- - f_m_n d_y p_c_t s_t_s_m_y h_p$ p_t__ n t s _d j_s t b_t t_r t_ t h__ r s_r r__ n d_n g s, $l_s s_n t h_l k_l h_d d_f f_l l s_n d_r_d_c_t$ h__ r r_l__ n c_ _n m_d_c_n_. "

PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

hospitals in the united kingdom are adapting to help people who suffer from dementia many hospitals have undergone a vintage makeover to make dementia patients feel more relaxed and to help trigger memories about the past the makeover includes creating tea rooms oldstyle cafes that look the same as those from the 1950s a small movie theatre where patients can watch old black and white films from yesteryear and a 1950sthemed memory room full of furniture and artwork from the 1950s the uks national health service nhs said the dementiafriendly adaptations could help patients to cope with stress by relaxing in familiar surroundings that could bring back happy memories

dementia is a term for diseases and conditions that involve a decline in memory it is also accompanied by a deterioration in language ability problemsolving and other thinking skills the condition greatly affects a persons ability to perform everyday activities alzheimers is the most common cause of dementia the world health organization estimates there to be 468 million people worldwide living with dementia someone in the world develops it every three seconds the nhs believes its makeover facilities will help dementia patients it said having a dementiafriendly place to stay may help patients adjust better to their surroundings lessen the likelihood of falls and reduce their reliance on medicine

PUT A SLASH (/) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/1909/190924-national-health-service.html

HospitalsintheUnitedKingdomareadaptingtohelppeoplewhosufferfr omdementia. Manyhospital shave undergonea "vintage make over "to makedementiapatientsfeelmorerelaxedandtohelptriggermemories about the past. The make over includes creating tear ooms (old-style ca fes)thatlookthesameasthosefromthe1950s;asmallmovietheatrewh erepatientscanwatcholdblackandwhitefilmsfromyesteryear; and a 19 50s-themed"memoryroom"fulloffurnitureandartworkfromthe1950 s.TheUK'sNationalHealthService(NHS)saidthe"dementia-friendlya daptations"couldhelppatientstocopewithstressbyrelaxinginfamiliar surroundingsthatcouldbringbackhappymemories.Dementiaisaterm fordiseases and conditions that involve a decline in memory. It is also acc ompaniedbyadeteriorationinlanguageability, problem-solvingando therthinkingskills. The condition greatly affects a person's ability to perf ormeverydayactivities. Alzheimer's is the most common cause of deme ntia.TheWorldHealthOrganizationestimatestheretobe46.8millionpe opleworldwidelivingwithdementia. Someone in the world develops it every content of the content o erythreeseconds. The NHS believes its make overfacilities will help dem entiapatients. Itsaid: "Havingadementia-friendlyplacetostaymayhe Ippatientsadjustbettertotheirsurroundings, lessenthelikelihoodoffall sandreducetheirrelianceonmedicine."

FREE WRITING

Write about health services for 10 minutes. Comment on your partner's paper.					

ACADEMIC WRITING

The biggest part of a government's budget should be mental health care. Discuss.

HOMEWORK

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about this news story. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. HEALTH SERVICES:** Make a poster about health services. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. DEMENTIA:** Write a magazine article about changing health systems to focus more on those with dementia. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against this.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

- **5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.
- **6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on health services. Ask him/her three questions about health services. Give him/her three of your ideas. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

ANSWERS

VOCABULARY (p.4)

1. 2. а 3. d 4. b 5. g 6. е 7. С 12. 8. m 9. h 10. i 11. 1 k 13. n 14. i

TRUE / FALSE (p.5)

b T с Т d Т е Т f F g F h F

SYNONYM MATCH (p.5)

1. adapting changing a. 2. makeover b. new look 3. set off trigger c. the old days yesteryear d. 5. surroundings setting e. 6. term f. word decline 7. deterioration q. 8. cause h. source 9. develops i. gets

10. reliance

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.9) WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER (p.20)

dependence

j.

1.	The past	1.	Adapting to help people who suffer from dementia.
2.	Yesteryear	2.	Feel more relaxed and to help trigger memories.
3.	Furniture and artwork	3.	Look the same as those from the 1950s.
4.	Familiar surroundings	4.	Help patients to cope with stress by relaxing.
5.	Happy memories	5.	Familiar surroundings that could bring back happy memories.
6.	Language ability	6.	Conditions that involve a decline in memory.
7.	Everyday things	7.	Affects a person's ability to perform everyday activities.
8.	Every three seconds	8.	Alzheimer's is the most common cause of dementia.
9.	Falling	9.	Its makeover facilities will help dementia patients.
10.	Medicine	10.	Help patients adjust better to their surroundings.

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.10)

1. С 2. 3. 4. b 5. d 6. b 7. a 8. c 9. d 10. a а

ALL OTHER EXERCISES

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English;-)