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Level 6 – 22nd March, 2020

Canadians start 'caremongering' trend

FREE online quizzes, mp3 listening and more for this lesson here:

https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

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Please try Levels 4 and 5 (they are easier).

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THE ARTICLE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

A new term has emerged with the advent of the coronavirus outbreak. The word "caremongering" started trending after acts of kindness in Canada. The word comes from the less positive word "scaremongering" which is a recognised part of the English lexicon. It is not yet known whether the word "caremongering" will stay around long enough for dictionary editors to include it in future editions of their word lists. "Caremongering" arose after Canadians found new ways of helping vulnerable people during the COVID-19 virus. Social media is helping to spread the concept across Canada. Within 72 hours of the term trending, over 35 Facebook groups were set up with more than 30,000 members.

The founders of the first caremongering group spoke about the meaning of the name. Valentina Harper told the BBC: "Scaremongering is a big problem. We wanted to switch that around and get people to connect on a positive level, to connect with each other." She added: "Caremongering has spread the opposite of panic in people, brought out community and camaraderie, and allowed us to tackle the needs of those who are at risk." Ms Harper explained why caremongering was important in society. She said: "Anxiety, isolation and lack of hope affects you....This virtual community...is really showing people there is still hope for humanity. We haven't lost our hope."

 $Sources: \quad https://www. \textbf{standard.co.uk}/news/world/coronavirus-kind-canadians-start-caremongering-trend-canadians-start-canadians-star$

a4390076.html

https://www.bbc.com/news/world-us-canada-51915723

https://www.ctvnews.ca/health/coronavirus/you-re-not-alone-in-this-canadians-are-

caremongering-through-the-covid-19-pandemic-1.4859369

WARM-UPS

- **1. CARING:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about caring. Change partners often and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

term / emerged / outbreak / kindness / lexicon / dictionary / future / vulnerable / founders / meaning / problem / connect / opposite / panic / at risk / virtual / hope

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

- **3. CARE:** Students A **strongly** believe the world will be a more caring place after the coronavirus; Students B **strongly** believe the opposite. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **4. KINDNESS:** How kind are you to these people? How can we be kinder? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	How Kind Are You?	How Can You Be Kinder?
Neighbours		
Teachers		
Hospital staff		
Strangers		
Sales assistants		
Family		

- **5. DICTIONARY:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "dictionary". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.
- **6. COVID-19:** Rank these with your partner. Put the worst things about COVID-19 at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.
 - Anxiety
 - Isolation
 - Fear
 - Worry about family

- The unknown
- Fake news
- Political leadership
- The future

VOCABULARY MATCHING

Paragraph 1

- 1. emerged a. An idea; a general notion.
- 2. advent b. The start of something notable.
- 3. scaremongering c. The vocabulary of a person, language, or branch of knowledge.
- 4. lexicon d. Became apparent.
- 5. vulnerable e. A word or phrase used to describe a thing or to express a concept, especially in a particular kind of language.
- 6. concept f. Putting about reports or rumours to frighten people.
- 7. term 9. Of a person in need of special care, support, or protection because of age, disability, or risk of abuse or neglect.

Paragraph 2

- 8. founder h. Make efforts to deal with a problem or difficult task.
- 9. panic i. Mutual trust and friendship among people who spend a lot of time together.
- 10. camaraderie j. The process of being alone with no other people around.
- 11. tackle k. A person who started an organisation or idea.
- 12. anxiety I. Sudden uncontrollable fear or anxiety, often causing wildly unthinking behavior.
- 13. isolation m. All of the people in the world thought of together.
- 14. humanity

 n. A feeling of worry, nervousness, or unease, typically about an imminent event or something with an uncertain outcome.

BEFORE READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- "Caremongering" is a word that is over 100 years old. T/F
- b. The word "caremongering" comes from the word "scaremongering". T/F
- c. The word "caremongering" is in the top three English dictionaries. T / F
- d. Caremongering started after Canadians helped vulnerable people. T / F
- e. A Facebook group founder said caremongering was a big problem. T / F
- f. The founder wants camaraderie to increase. T / F
- g. The founder said caremongering was important in our society. T / F
- h. The founder said caremongering means we haven't lost hope. T / F

2. SYNONYM MATCH:

Match the following synonyms. The words in **bold** are from the news article.

- 1. term a. change
- 2. advent b. versions
- 3. lexicon c. notion
- 4. editions d. start
- e. definition 5. concept
- 6. meaning f. in danger 7. switch g. phrase
- 8. camaraderie h. people
- 9. at risk vocabulary
- 10. humanity friendship j.

3. PHRASE MATCH: (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. emerged with the advent 2. acts of
- the less positive word 3.
- new ways of helping
- 5. helping to spread the concept
- get people to connect on a
- 7. community and

4.

- the needs of those who are at
- 9. Anxiety, isolation
- 10. there is still hope

- positive level a.
- "scaremongering"
- across Canada c.
- d. risk
- e. for humanity
- vulnerable people
- of the coronavirus q.
- h. and lack of hope
- i. kindness
- i. camaraderie

GAP FILL

A new term has (1) with the advent of the	less
coronavirus outbreak. The word "caremongering" started trending	concept
after (2) of kindness in Canada. The word comes	arose
from the (3) positive word "scaremongering" which	emerged
is a recognised part of the English lexicon. It is not yet known	emergeu
whether the word "caremongering" will stay around long enough	set
for (4) editors to include it in future editions of their	dictionary
word lists. "Caremongering" (5) after Canadians	acts
found new ways of helping (6) people during the	vulnerable
COVID-19 virus. Social media is helping to spread the	
(7) across Canada. Within 72 hours of the term	
trending, over 35 Facebook groups were (8) up	
with more than 30,000 members.	
The (9) of the first caremongering group spoke	level
about the meaning of the name. Valentina Harper told the BBC:	virtual
"Scaremongering is a big problem. We wanted to	tackle
(10) that around and get people to connect on a	
positive (11), to connect with each other." She	hope
added: "Caremongering has spread the (12) of	founders
panic in people, brought out community and camaraderie, and	switch
allowed us to (13) the needs of those who are at	isolation
risk." Ms Harper explained why caremongering was important in	opposite
society. She said: "Anxiety, (14) and lack of hope	, ,
affects youThis (15) communityis really	
showing people there is still hope for humanity. We haven't lost	
our (16)"	

LISTENING — Guess the answers. Listen to check.

1)	a. b. c.	new term has emerged with the advent of the coronavirus out broken coronavirus outer break coronavirus out beak coronavirus outbreak
2)	Th a. b. c.	e word "caremongering" started trending after reacts of kindness acts of kindness enacts of kindness redacts of kindness
3)	a. b. c.	e less positive word "scaremongering" which is a recognised part of the English lets it con the English lets a con the English lexis con the English lexicon
4)	a. b. c.	g enough for dictionary editors to include it in future editions of their wordy lists their nerd lists their heard lists their word lists
5)	a. b. c.	cial media is helping to spread the Canada concept at cross concept a cross concept across concept across concept are loss
6)	Th a. b. c.	e founders of the first caremongering group spoke about the meaning of the name of the game of the dame of the same
7)	a. b. c.	e wanted to switch that around and get people to connect on a positive level app positive level ape positive level are positive level
8)	a. b. c.	remongering has spread the opposite of panics in people panicky in people panic in people panicked in people
9)	a. b. c.	d allowed us to tackle the needs of those who are on risk are rat risk a rat risk are at risk
10) re	eally showing people there is still hope for humanity. We haven't
	a.	lost our hoping
		lost our hoop
		lost our hope

LISTENING – Listen and fill in the gaps

A new term (1) the advent of the coronavirus
outbreak. The word "caremongering" started trending after acts of kindness
in Canada. The word comes from (2) word
"scaremongering" which is a recognised part of the English lexicon. It is not
(3) the word "caremongering" will stay around long
enough for dictionary editors to include it (4) of their
word lists. "Caremongering" arose after Canadians found new ways of
helping vulnerable people during the COVID-19 virus. Social media is helping
to (5) across Canada. Within 72 hours of the term
trending, over 35 Facebook groups were (6) more
than 30,000 members.
The founders of the first caremongering (7) the
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meaning of the name. Valentina Harper told the BBC: "Scaremongering is a big problem. We (8) that around and get people to connect on a positive level, (9) each other." She added: "Caremongering has spread the opposite of panic in people, brought out community and camaraderie, and allowed (10) the needs of those who are at risk." Ms Harper explained why caremongering was important in society. She said: "Anxiety,

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

 ${\color{red} From $ $ \underline{ https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html} $} \\$

1.	What kinds of acts brought about the word "caremongering"?
2.	Where word does the word "caremongering" come from?
3.	When will the word "caremongering" enter future dictionaries?
4.	Who did Canadians help?
5.	How many people have joined Facebook caremongering groups?
6.	Who is Valentina Harper?
7.	Who said scaremongering was a big problem?
8.	What does caremongering spread the opposite of?
9.	What did caremongering bring out besides community?
10.	What did Ms Harper say people had not lost?

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ

- 1) What kinds of acts brought about the word "caremongering"?
- a) nasty acts
- b) acts of kindness
- c) selfish acts
- d) short acts
- 2) Where word does the word "caremongering" come from?
- a) social media
- b) Medieval English
- c) Australia
- d) scaremongering
- 3) When will the word "caremongering" enter future dictionaries?
- a) in a few months
- b) 2021
- c) it is not known
- d) next week
- 4) Who did Canadians help?
- a) vulnerable people
- b) Americans
- c) old people
- d) each other
- 5) How many people have joined Facebook caremongering groups?
- a) exactly 30,000
- b) over 30,000
- c) around 30,000
- d) just under 30,000

- 6) Who is Valentina Harper?
- a) founder of a caremongering group
- b) a carer
- c) a victim
- d) a journalist
- 7) Who said scaremongering was a big problem?
- a) a journalist
- b) the head of the WHO
- c) Valentina Harper
- d) a dictionary editor
- 8) What does caremongering spread the opposite of?
- a) panic
- b) disease
- c) selfishness
- d) calm
- 9) What did caremongering bring out besides community?
- a) shy people
- b) sick people
- c) collaboration
- d) camaraderie
- 10) What did Ms Harper say people had not lost?
- a) time
- b) money
- c) hope
- d) their mind

ROLE PLAY

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

Role A - Anxiety

You think anxiety is the biggest thing to worry about regarding COVID-19. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as bad. Also, tell the others which is the least worrying of these (and why): political leadership, worry about family or food shortages.

Role B - Political Leadership

You think political leadership is the biggest thing to worry about regarding COVID-19. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as bad. Also, tell the others which is the least worrying of these (and why): anxiety, worry about family or food shortages.

Role C - Worry About Family

You think worry about family is the biggest thing to worry about regarding COVID-19. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as bad. Also, tell the others which is the least worrying of these (and why): political leadership, anxiety or food shortages.

Role D - Food Shortages

You think a shortage of food is the biggest thing to worry about regarding COVID-19. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their things aren't as bad. Also, tell the others which is the least worrying of these (and why): political leadership, worry about family or anxiety.

AFTER READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

1. WORD SEARCH: Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'care' and 'trend'.

care	trend

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your guestions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
 - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
 - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

• new	• first
• less	• big
• long	• level
• arose	• tackle
helping	• lack
• set	• hope

CARING SURVEY

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

Write five GOOD questions about caring in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

CARING DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1. What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2. What images are in your mind when you hear the word 'caremongering'?
- 3. How caring are you?
- 4. What do you think of the word 'caremongering'?
- 5. What acts of kindness have you seen recently?
- 6. What acts of selfishness have you seen recently?
- 7. Should the word 'caremongering' be in the dictionary?
- 8. What kind things have you done recently?
- 9. What kind things would you like to do today?
- 10. Will the world be a more caring place after COVID-19?

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CARING DISCUSSION

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12. What do you think of when you hear the word 'hope'?
- 13. What do you think about what you read?
- 14. What examples of scaremongering have you seen?
- 15. How can people connect with each other safely?
- 16. How likely is it do you think people will riot?
- 17. Who is most at risk from COVID-19?
- 18. How anxious are you about COVID-19?
- 19. How important are virtual communities?
- 20. What questions would you like to ask the caremongers?

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

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)I	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
)I	SCUSSION (Write your own questions)
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LANGUAGE - CLOZE

		m has emerged gering" started						
from	from the (2) positive word "scaremongering" which is a recognised part of the						ed part of the	
	English lexicon. It is not yet known (3) the word "caremongering" will stay							
_	around long enough for dictionary editors to include it in future editions of thei							
		. "Caremongeri						
		people during	_					
		across Canada.						•
		ere set (6)				_	•	
The	(7)	of the first	t care	emongering gi	roup s	spoke about	the m	eaning of the
nam	e. Va	lentina Harper	told	the BBC: "S	carem	ongering is	a big	problem. We
wan	ted to	switch that arc	ound a	and get people	e to co	nnect (8)	_ a po	sitive level, to
conr	ect w	ith each other.	" She	added: "Care	emong	ering has spr	ead tl	ne opposite o
pani	C (9) _	people, br	ought	out commun	ity and	d camaraderie	e, and	allowed us to
		needs of those				•	-	
		in society			•			•
•		S (11) CON		•	showi	ng people the	ere is	still hope for
hum	anity.	We haven't (12))	our hope."				
Put	the c	orrect words f	from	the table bel	ow in	the above a	rticle	
1.	(a)	vent	(b)	venting	(c)	venture	(d)	advent
2.	(a)	reduced	(b)	smaller	(c)	fewer	(d)	less
3.	(a)	what	(b)	whether	(c)	should	(d)	regardless
4.	(a)	arouse	(b)	rouse	(c)	arose	(d)	risen
5.	(a)	concept	(b)	contraption	(c)	concern	(d)	contact
6.	(a)	up	(b)	in	(c)	on	(d)	down
7.	(a)	findings	(b)	finders	(c)	flounders	(d)	founders
8.	(a)	on	(b)	in	(c)	of	(d)	up
9.	(a)	on	(b)	in	(c)	up	(d)	as
10.	(a)	import	(b)	importance	(c)	important	(d)	importantly
11.	(a)	vacuum	(b)	vitality	(c)	virtual	(d)	vat
12.	(a)	hoped	(b)	lost	(c)	vented	(d)	wished

SPELLING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

Paragraph 1

- 1. the tdynae of the coronavirus outbreak
- 2. the less positive word garoinecegrnms
- 3. part of the English liexnoc
- 4. future deinsito of their word lists
- 5. helping aubevnllre people
- 6. spread the eocpcnt

Paragraph 2

- 7. connect on a psivotie level
- 8. brought out community and rcreeaaadim
- 9. allowed us to actlek the needs
- 10. aetixny, isolation and lack of hope
- 11. This <u>viaturl</u> community
- 12. there is still hope for <u>yhunatim</u>

PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

Number these lines in the correct order.

()	of panic in people, brought out community and camaraderie, and allowed us to tackle
()	around long enough for dictionary editors to include it in future editions of their word
()	the needs of those who are at risk." Ms Harper explained why caremongering
()	hours of the term trending, over 35 Facebook groups were set up with more than 30,000 members.
()	The founders of the first caremongering group spoke about the meaning of the name. Valentina Harper told
()	is a recognised part of the English lexicon. It is not yet known whether the word "caremongering" will stay
()	lists. "Caremongering" arose after Canadians found new ways of helping vulnerable people during
()	connect on a positive level, to connect with each other." She added: "Caremongering has spread the opposite
()	communityis really showing people there is still hope for humanity. We haven't lost our hope."
()	the BBC: "Scaremongering is a big problem. We wanted to switch that around and get people to
()	trending after acts of kindness in Canada. The word comes from the less positive word "scaremongering" which
()	the COVID-19 virus. Social media is helping to spread the concept across Canada. Within 72
()	was important in society. She said: "Anxiety, isolation and lack of hope affects youThis virtual
(1)	A new term has emerged with the advent of the coronavirus outbreak. The word "caremongering" started

PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

- 1. the of Emerged the outbreak . with coronavirus advent
- 2. dictionary editors Long it . for to enough include
- 3. vulnerable helping ways . Canadians found new people of
- 4. spread media concept . Social helping is the to
- 5. 35 groups up . Over set were Facebook
- 6. people level . connect Get to a positive on
- 7. has spread opposite panic . Caremongering the of
- 8. needs are who those of risk . The at
- 9. important Harper was why in society . explained caremongering
- 10. is there hope people humanity. Showing for still

CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

A new term has <code>engaged / emerged</code> with the advent of the coronavirus outbreak. The word "caremongering" started <code>tending / trending</code> after acts of kindness in Canada. The word comes from the <code>less / few</code> positive word "scaremongering" which is a recognised part of the English lexicon. It is not yet <code>known / knowing</code> whether the word "caremongering" will stay around <code>long / short</code> enough for dictionary editors to include <code>it / them</code> in future editions of their word lists. "Caremongering" <code>aroused / arose</code> after Canadians found new ways of helping <code>vulnerability / vulnerable</code> people during the COVID-19 virus. Social media is <code>helping / helped</code> to spread the concept across Canada. Within 72 hours of the term trending, over 35 Facebook groups were set <code>down / up</code> with more than 30,000 members.

The founders of the first caremongering group <code>spoken / spoke</code> about the meaning of the name. Valentina Harper <code>spoke / told</code> the BBC: "Scaremongering is a big problem. We wanted to <code>switch / swish</code> that around and get people to connect on a <code>positivity / positive</code> level, to connect with each other." She added: "Caremongering has <code>speared / spread</code> the opposite of panic in people, brought <code>exit / out</code> community and camaraderie, and allowed us to tackle the needs of those who are at <code>risky / risk.</code>" Ms Harper explained why caremongering was <code>important / importance</code> in society. She said: "Anxiety, isolation and lack of hope <code>affects / effects you....This virtual community...</code> is really showing people there is <code>still / last hope</code> for humanity. We haven't lost our hope."

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

A n_w t_rm h_s _m_rg_d w_th th_ _dv_nt _f t $h_{c_r_n_v_r_s_n} = t b r_k . T h_w_r d "c_r_m_n$ g_r_ng" st_rt_d tr_nd_ng _ft_r _cts _f k_nd $n_s \ s \ _n \ C_n_d_. \ T \ h_ \ w_r \ d \ c_m_s \ f \ r_m \ t \ h_ \ l_s \ s$ p_s_t_v_ w_r d " s c_r_m_n g_r_n g " w h_c h _s _ r_c_g n_s_d p_r t _f th_ E n g l_s h l_x_c_n . I t _s $n_t y_t k n_w n w h_t h_r t h_w_r d "c_r_m_n$ $g_r_n g$ " w_l | st_y $_r_n d$ | $l_n g$ $_n_g g h$ f_r ns _f th__ r w_rd l_sts. "C_r_m_ng_r_ng" _r_s_ _f t_r C_n_d__ n s f__ n d n_w w_y s _f h_l $p_n g v_l n_r b_l p_p p_l d_r n g t_h COVID-19$ v_r_s. S_c__ I m_d__ _s h_lp_n g t_ spr__ d t $t\;h_\;\;t_r\;m\quad t\;r_n\;d_n\;g\;,\;\;_v_r\quad 3\;5\quad F_c_b__\;k\quad g\;r__\;p\;s$ w_r_ s_t _p w_t h m_r_ t h_n 30,000 m_m b_r s

 $p \quad s \quad p_k \quad b_t \quad t \quad h_m \quad m_n \quad g \quad f \quad t \quad h_m \quad V_l \quad n$ t_n_ H_rp_r t_ld th_ BBC: "Sc_r_m_ng_r_ng_s $_$ b_g pr_bl_m. W_ w_nt_d t_ sw_tch th_t _r__ n d _n d g_t p__ p l_ t_ c_n n_c t _n _ p_s_t_v_ l_v_l , $t_c_n_c$ t w_t_h $_c_h$ c h_r . " Sh_d d_d: "C_r_m_ng_r_ng h_s spr__ d th__pp_s_t_ _f p_n_c _n p__ p l_, b r__ g h t __ t c_m m_n_t y $_$ n d $_$ c $_$ m $_$ r $_$ d $_$ r $_$, $_$ n d $_$ l]_w $_$ d $_$ s t $_$ t $_$ c k]_ t h $_$ n__ ds _f th_s_ wh_ _r_ _t r_sk." Ms H_rp_r $x p l_n n_d w h y c_r m_n g_r n g w_s m p_r t_n t$ $_{n}$ s_{c} ty . Sh_{s} d : " Anx_{ty} , $_{s}l_{t}$ $_{n}$ $_$ n d $I_$ c k $_$ f $h_$ p $_$ f f $_$ c t s $y_$ T $h_$ s $v_$ r t $_$ I $c_m m_n t y \dots s r_l l l y s h_w n g p_p p l_t h_r_$ $_s$ s t_l l h_p f_r h_m n_t y . W_b h_v n t l_s t__ r h_p_. "

PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

a new term has emerged with the advent of the coronavirus outbreak the

word caremongering started trending after acts of kindness in canada the

word comes from the less positive word scaremongering which is a

recognised part of the english lexicon it is not yet known whether the word

caremongering will stay around long enough for dictionary editors to include

it in future editions of their word lists caremongering arose after canadians

found new ways of helping vulnerable people during the covid19 virus social

media is helping to spread the concept across canada within 72 hours of the

term trending over 35 facebook groups were set up with more than 30000

members

the founders of the first caremongering group spoke about the meaning of

the name valentina harper told the bbc scaremongering is a big problem we

wanted to switch that around and get people to connect on a positive level

to connect with each other she added caremongering has spread the

opposite of panic in people brought out community and camaraderie and

allowed us to tackle the needs of those who are at risk ms harper explained

why caremongering was important in society she said anxiety isolation and

lack of hope affects youthis virtual community is really showing people there

is still hope for humanity we havent lost our hope

Level 6 Canadians start 'caremongering' trend – 22nd March, 2020

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PUT A SLASH (/) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2003/200322-caremongering.html

Anewtermhasemergedwiththeadventofthecoronavirusoutbreak. Th eword"caremongering"startedtrendingafteractsofkindnessinCanad a. The word comes from the less positive word "scare mongering" which is arecognisedpartoftheEnglishlexicon.Itisnotyetknownwhetherthewo rd"caremongering"willstayaroundlongenoughfordictionaryeditorsto includeitinfutureeditionsoftheirwordlists."Caremongering"aroseaft erCanadiansfoundnewwaysofhelpingvulnerablepeopleduringtheCO VID-19virus. Social media is helping to spread the concept across Canad a. Within 72 hours of the term trending, over 35 Facebook groups were set upwithmorethan30,000members. The founders of the first care monge ringgroupspokeaboutthemeaningofthename. Valentina Harpertoldth eBBC: "Scaremongeringisabigproblem. Wewanted to switch that arou ndandgetpeopletoconnectonapositivelevel, toconnectwith each other ."Sheadded:"Caremongeringhasspreadtheoppositeofpanicinpeople ,broughtoutcommunityandcamaraderie,andallowedustotacklethen eedsofthosewhoareatrisk."MsHarperexplainedwhycaremongeringw asimportantinsociety. Shesaid: "Anxiety, isolation and lack of hope affe ctsyou....Thisvirtualcommunity...isreallyshowingpeoplethereisstill hopeforhumanity. We haven't lost our hope."

FREE WRITING

Write about caring for 10 minutes. Comment on your partner's paper.				

ACADEMIC WRITING

COVID-19 will make the world a more caring place. Discuss.					

HOMEWORK

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about this news story. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. CARING:** Make a poster about caring. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. CARE LESSONS:** Write a magazine article about teaching schoolchildren how to care for others. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against this.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

- **5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.
- **6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on caring. Ask him/her three questions about it. Give him/her three of your ideas on how we can care for others more during the COVID-19 crisis. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

ANSWERS

VOCABULARY (p.4)

1. d 2. b 3. f 4. С 5. q 6. а 7. e 9. 8. k Т 10. i 11. h 12. n 13. i 14. m

TRUE / FALSE (p.5)

a F b T c F d T e F f T g T h T

SYNONYM MATCH (p.5)

1.	g	2. d	3. i	4. b	5. c
6.	е	7. a	8. j	9. f	10. h

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.9)

WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER (p.20)

1.	Acts	of	kindness

- 2. Scaremongering
- 3. It is not known
- 4. Vulnerable people
- 5. More than 30,000
- 6. A founder of a Facebook caremongering group
- 7. Valentina Harper
- 8. Panic
- 9. Camaraderie
- 10. Hope

- 1. Emerged with the advent of the coronavirus outbreak.
- 2. Long enough for dictionary editors to include it.
- 3. Canadians found new ways of helping vulnerable people
- 4. Social media is helping to spread the concept.
- 5. Over 35 Facebook groups were set up.
- 6. Get people to connect on a positive level.
- 7. Caremongering has spread the opposite of panic.
- 8. The needs of those who are at risk.
- 9. Harper explained why caremongering was important in society.
- 10. Showing people there is still hope for humanity.

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.10)

1. b 2. d 3. c 4. a 5. b 6. a 7. c 8. a 9. d 10. c

ALL OTHER EXERCISES

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English ;-)