# Breaking News English.com

Ready-to-Use English Lessons by Sean Banville

"1,000 IDEAS & ACTIVITIES FOR LANGUAGE TEACHERS" breakingnewsenglish.com/book.html Thousands more free lessons from Sean's other websites

www.freeeslmaterials.com/sean\_banville\_lessons.html

## **Level 6** – 24th January, 2022

#### Pristine coral reef discovered off coast of Tahiti

#### FREE online quizzes, mp3 listening and more for this lesson here:

https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html

#### **Contents**

The Article	2	Discussion (Student-Created Qs)	15
Warm-Ups	3	Language Work (Cloze)	16
Vocabulary	4	Spelling	17
Before Reading / Listening	5	Put The Text Back Together	18
Gap Fill	6	Put The Words In The Right Order	19
Match The Sentences And Listen	7	Circle The Correct Word	20
Listening Gap Fill	8	Insert The Vowels (a, e, i, o, u)	21
Comprehension Questions	9	Punctuate The Text And Add Capitals	22
Multiple Choice - Quiz	10	Put A Slash ( / ) Where The Spaces Are	23
Role Play	11	Free Writing	24
After Reading / Listening	12	Academic Writing	25
Student Survey	13	Homework	26
Discussion (20 Questions)	14	Answers	27

## Please try Levels 4 and 5 (they are easier).

**Twitter** 



twitter.com/SeanBanville

**Facebook** 



www.facebook.com/pages/BreakingNewsEnglish/155625444452176

#### THE ARTICLE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html

Marine biologists have unearthed a spectacular coral reef off the coast of Tahiti in the South Pacific. The 3km-long reef lies at a depth of 30 metres. The scientists believe the array of corals and ocean vegetation contains previously undiscovered marine species. They have already found hundreds of rose-shaped coral, some of which measure over two metres in diameter. Deep-sea diver Alexis Rosenfeld said he was stunned when he came across the reef. He wrote: "It was magical to witness giant, beautiful rose corals which stretch for as far as the eye can see. It was like a work of art." Scientist Laetitia Hedouin said: "It's a very healthy reef. In the middle of the biodiversity crisis, this is very good news."

Scientists say the location of the Tahiti reef means it is in pristine condition. Most of the world's reefs are in warmer waters. This makes them prone to the bleaching effects of global warming. Tahiti's reef is deep enough to protect it from bleaching. There is still sufficient sunlight at 30 metres for coral to grow and reproduce. UNESCO said: "We think that deeper reefs may be better protected from global warming." It believes the Tahiti reef is "one of the most extensive healthy coral reefs on record". It added that more mapping of the deep ocean needs to be undertaken. It said: "We know more about the surface of the Moon or the surface of Mars than the deeper part of the ocean."

Sources: https://www.aljazeera.com/news/2022/1/20/pristine-reef-of-giant-rose-shaped-corals-found-off-

https://www.cbsnews.com/news/one-of-the-worlds-largest-coral-reefs-discovered-in-twilight-zone-off-tahiti/

https://www.newscientist.com/article/2305315-pristine-coral-reef-discovered-in-deep-water-off-

the-coast-of-tahiti/

### **WARM-UPS**

- **1. CORAL:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about coral. Change partners often and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

marine biologists / coral / reef / South Pacific / species / rose / magical / good news / Tahiti / pristine / bleaching / global warming / mapping / deep ocean / Moon / Mars

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

- **3. OCEAN RESEARCH:** Students A **strongly** believe more money should be spent on ocean research than on space research; Students B **strongly** believe the opposite. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **4. ISLANDS:** What do you know about these island nations? What might make them a good place to live? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	What I Know	A Good Place to Live
Tahiti		
Sri Lanka		
The U.K.		
Japan		
Madagascar		
Bahrain		

- **5. COAST:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "coast". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.
- **6. OCEANS:** Rank these with your partner. Put the best things about oceans at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.

Coral

Fishing

• Beaches

Sunsets

Sailing

Colour

Tides

· Marine life

### **VOCABULARY MATCHING**

#### Paragraph 1

- unearthed a. Beautiful in a dramatic and eye-catching way.
- 2. spectacular b. Astonished or shocked someone so that they are temporarily unable to react.
- 3. array c. A time of intense difficulty or danger.
- 4. stunned d. An impressive display or range of a particular type of thing.
- 5. witness e. The variety of plant and animal life in the world.
- 6. biodiversity f. Discover something hidden, lost, or kept secret by investigation or searching.
- 7. crisis g. See an event as it happens.

#### Paragraph 2

- 8. pristine h. Likely or liable to suffer from, do, or experience something unpleasant.
- 9. prone i. A process in which something (hair, coral, etc.) becomes whiter or lighter by a chemical process or by exposure to sunlight.
- 10. bleaching j. Representing an area on a map.
- 11. sufficient k. Create more babies, young or offspring.
- 12. reproduce l. Enough; adequate.
- 13. extensive m. In its original condition; unspoilt.
- n. Covering or affecting a large area.

## **BEFORE READING / LISTENING**

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html

#### **1. TRUE / FALSE:** Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- 1. The newly-found coral reef is 30km long. **T / F**
- 2. The scientists say they have founds dozens of new marine species. T / F
- 3. A diver said it was magical to see giant rose-shaped corals. **T/F**
- 4. A scientist said the discovery could end the biodiversity crises. T / F
- 5. The Tahiti reef has been damaged by bleaching from the sun. **T/F**
- 6. The article says there is enough sunlight for life to reproduce in the reef. **T / F**
- 7. UNESCO said there was a need to map more of the ocean. **T / F**
- 8. UNESCO said we know more about Mars than about the deep ocean. T / F

#### **2. SYNONYM MATCH:** (The words in **bold** are from the news article.)

- 1. unearthed
- 2. spectacular
- 3. stunned
- 4. witness
- 5. crisis
- 6. pristine
- 7. prone
- 8. protect
- 9. extensive
- 10. undertaken

- a. conducted
- b. discovered
- c. substantial
- d. susceptible
- e. astounded
- f. impressive
- g. immaculate
- h. critical point
- i. safequard
- i. observe

#### **3. PHRASE MATCH:** (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. biologists have unearthed
- 2. the array
- 3. previously undiscovered
- 4. stretch for as far as
- 5. In the middle of the biodiversity
- 6. it is in pristine
- 7. This makes them prone
- 8. There is still sufficient
- 9. one of the most
- 10. the surface of

- a. marine species
- b. extensive healthy coral reefs
- c. crisis
- d. condition
- e. a spectacular coral reef
- f. sunlight at 30 metres
- q. Mars
- h. of corals
- i. to the bleaching effects
- j. the eye can see

# **GAP FILL**

 $\textbf{From} \quad \underline{\text{https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html}}$ 

Marine biologists have (1)	a spectacular coral	depth
reef off the coast of Tahiti in the South Paci	fic. The 3km-long reef	stunned
lies at a $^{(2)}$ of 30 n	netres. The scientists	unaarthad
believe the array of corals and ocean	vegetation contains	unearthed
previously undiscovered marine (3)	They	art
have already found hundreds of rose-shaped	d coral, some of which	diameter
measure over two metres in (4)	Deep-sea	crisis
diver Alexis Rosenfeld said he was (5)	when he	
came across the reef. He wrote: "It was $_{(6)}$ _	to	species
witness giant, beautiful rose corals which st	retch for as far as the	magical
eye can see. It was like a work of (7)	"	
Scientist Laetitia Hedouin said: "It's a very	y healthy reef. In the	
middle of the biodiversity (8)	, this is very good	
news."		
Scientists say the location of the Tahiti	reef means it is in	part
(9) condition. Most of th	ne world's reefs are in	bleaching
warmer waters. This makes them (10)	to the	better
bleaching effects of global warming. Tahiti's	reef is deep enough to	Better
protect it from (11)	There is still	pristine
(12) sunlight at 30 met	tres for coral to grow	mapping
and reproduce. UNESCO said: "We think tha	t deeper reefs may be	prone
(13) protected from	global warming." It	•
believes the Tahiti reef is "one of the most e	extensive healthy coral	record
reefs on (14)". It	added that more	sufficient
(15) of the deep of	ocean needs to be	
undertaken. It said: "We know more abou	ut the surface of the	
Moon or the surface of Mars	than the deeper	
(16) of the ocean."		

# **LISTENING** – Guess the answers. Listen to check.

From <a href="https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html">https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html</a>

1)	a. b. c.	arine biologists have unearthed a spectacular coral reef off the cost of Tahiti cast of Tahiti coast of Tahiti coats of Tahiti
2)	the a. b. c.	array of corals and ocean vegetation contains previously undiscovered mariner species marine specials marring speed seas marine species
3)	a. b. c.	eep-sea diver Alexis Rosenfeld said he was stunned when he came across the reef across a reef a cross there riff across the riff
4)	a. b. c.	agical to witness giant, beautiful rose corals which stretch for as far as the eye can see eye can sea eye can seen eye can seer
5)	a. b. c.	s a very healthy reef. In the middle of the biodiversity critics the biodiversity cry seas the biodiversity cry sis the biodiversity crisis
6)	a. b. c.	ientists say the location of the Tahiti reef means it is imp rusty condition impish teen condition imprints teen condition in pristine condition
	a. b. c. d.	is makes them prone to the blanching effects the branching effects the bleaching effects the broaching effects
	a. b. c. d.	ere is still sufficient sunlight at 30 metres for coral to grows and reproduce grown and reproduce growth and reproduce grow and reproduce
9)	a. b. c.	believes the Tahiti reef is "one of the most extensive healthy coral" roofs on record reefs on record reefs in record reefs on records
10	) I	t added that more mapping of the deep ocean needs
		to be overtaken
		to be retaken
		to be undertaken to be on the taken

# **LISTENING** – Listen and fill in the gaps

From <a href="https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html">https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html</a>

Marine biologists (1)	spectacular coral reef off the
coast of Tahiti in the South	Pacific. The 3km-long reef
(2) depth of 30	metres. The scientists believe the
array of corals and ocean vegetation	contains previously undiscovered
marine species. They have	already found hundreds of
(3), some of w	hich measure over two metres in
diameter. Deep-sea diver Alexis Rosenf	eld said he was stunned when he
came across the reef. He wrote: "It was	giant,
beautiful rose corals which stretch for as	s far as (5)
see. It was like a work of art." Scientist	: Laetitia Hedouin said: "It's a very
healthy reef. In the middle of (6)	, this is very good
news."	
Scientists say the location of t	he Tahiti reef means it is
(7) Most of the	world's reefs are in warmer waters.
This makes them prone to the (8)	global warming.
Tahiti's reef is deep enough to protec	t it from bleaching. There is still
(9) 30 metres	for coral to grow and reproduce.
UNESCO said: "We think that (10) _	be better
protected from global warming." It beli	eves the Tahiti reef is "one of the
most extensive healthy coral reefs on re	cord". It added that more mapping
of the deep ocean needs (11)	It said: "We know
more about the surface of the Moon	or the surface of Mars than the
(12) the ocean."	

# **COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS**

 $\textbf{From} \quad \underline{\text{https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html} \\$ 

1.	How deep is the newly-discovered reef in Tahiti?
2.	What does the article say the reef might contain?
3.	What shape of corals did the scientists find?
4.	How did a diver describe witnessing the corals?
5.	What did a scientist say the discovery was made in the middle of?
6.	In what kind of condition is the reef?
7.	Where are most of the world's reefs?
8.	What does the article say corals can do at 30 metres besides grow?
9.	What did UNESCO say needed to be undertaken?
10.	What do we know more about than the deeper part of the ocean?

# **MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ**

From <a href="https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html">https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html</a>

- 1) How deep is the newlydiscovered reef in Tahiti?
- a) 13 metres
- b) 30 metres
- c) 300 metres
- d) 3 metres
- 2) What does the article say the reef might contain?
- a) lots of salt
- b) minerals
- c) pollution
- d) undiscovered species
- 3) What shape of corals did the scientists find?
- a) sunflower-shaped corals
- b) tulip-shaped corals
- c) rose-shaped corals
- d) star-shaped corals
- 4) How did a diver describe witnessing the corals?
- a) magical
- b) scary
- c) weird
- d) enlightening
- 5) What did a scientist say the discovery was made in the middle of?
- a) the sea
- b) a biodiversity crisis
- c) the Southern Hemisphere
- d) the night

- 6) In what kind of condition is the reef?
- a) pristine condition
- b) poor condition
- c) brand new condition
- d) terminal condition
- 7) Where are most of the world's reefs?
- a) the Pacific
- b) the Northern Hemisphere
- c) in warmer waters
- d) over 30 metres deep
- 8) What does the article say corals can do at 30 metres besides grow?
- a) reproduce
- b) produce oxygen
- c) destroy pollution
- d) emit light
- 9) What did UNESCO say needed to be undertaken?
- a) a clean-up of the oceans
- b) more diving courses
- c) education
- d) more mapping of the ocean
- 10) What do we know more about than the deeper part of the ocean?
- a) the universe
- b) the human brain
- c) the surface of Mars and the Moon
- d) particle physics

### **ROLE PLAY**

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html

#### Role A - Coral Reefs

You think coral reefs are the best things about oceans. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least appealing of these (and why): fishing, sunsets or marine life.

#### Role B - Fishing

You think fishing is the best thing about oceans. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least appealing of these (and why): coral reefs, sunsets or marine life.

#### Role C - Sunsets

You think sunsets are the best things about oceans. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least appealing of these (and why): fishing, coral reefs or marine life.

#### **Role D - Marine Life**

You think marine life is the best thing about oceans. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them what is wrong with their things. Also, tell the others which is the least appealing of these (and why): fishing, sunsets or coral reefs.

## AFTER READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html

**1. WORD SEARCH:** Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'coral' and 'reef'.

coral	reef

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your guestions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
  - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
  - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

<ul> <li>spectacular</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>condition</li> </ul>
• array	• prone
<ul> <li>hundreds</li> </ul>	• grow
<ul> <li>stunned</li> </ul>	• better
• giant	• record
• good	• deeper

### **CORAL SURVEY**

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html

Write five GOOD questions about coral in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

### **CORAL DISCUSSION**

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1. What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2. What images are in your mind when you hear the word 'coral'?
- 3. What do you know about marine biology?
- 4. What do you know about coral reefs?
- 5. How important is the discovery of the coral reef?
- 6. Why are coral reefs important?
- 7. Would you like to be a marine biologist?
- 8. What do you think of scuba diving?
- 9. Have you ever witnessed anything magical?
- 10. What is the biodiversity crisis?

Pristine coral reef discovered off coast of Tahiti – 24th January, 2022
Thousands more free lessons at breakingnewsenglish.com

\_\_\_\_\_

#### **CORAL DISCUSSION**

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12. What do you think of when you hear the word 'reef'?
- 13. What do you think about what you read?
- 14. What do you know about Tahiti?
- 15. How beautiful are coral reefs?
- 16. What do you know about bleaching from global warming?
- 17. Should we spend more money on ocean research than space research?
- 18. What do you know about Mars?
- 19. Is it more important to know about Mars or our oceans?
- 20. What questions would you like to ask the scientists?

# **DISCUSSION** (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

	SCUSSION (Write your own questions)
I	
I	SCUSSION (Write your own questions)
I	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
I	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
I	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
I	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
I	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
1	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

# **LANGUAGE - CLOZE**

From <a href="https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html">https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html</a>

Mari	ne bio	ologists have (1)		_ a spectacular	cor	al reef off the o	coast	of Tahiti in the
Sout	h Pac	cific. The 3km-l	ong r	reef (2) a	tad	depth of 30 m	etres	. The scientists
belie	ve t	he (3)	of c	corals and o	cean	vegetation	conta	ins previously
undi	scove	red marine spe	cies.	They have al	read	y found hundi	reds	of rose-shaped
cora	, som	ne of (4) m	easu	re over two me	etres	in diameter. D	eep-	sea diver Alexis
Rose	nfeld	said he was st	unne	d when he ca	me a	across the reef	. He	wrote: "It was
magical to witness giant, beautiful rose corals which stretch for as (5) as the								
•		ee. It was like a						•
healt	thy re	eef. In the middl	e of t	the biodiversity	/ cris	is, this is very	(6)	news."
Scier	ntists	say the location	n of t	the Tahiti reef	mea	ns it is (7)	nri	stine condition
		ne world's reefs					-	
		effects of globa						
	_	. There is still		_				-
repro	oduce	. UNESCO said:	"We	think that dee	per i	reefs may be b	etter	protected from
globa	al wa	rming." It belie	eves	the Tahiti ree	f is	"one of (10) _		most extensive
healt	thy c	oral reefs on re	ecord	". It added th	at n	nore (11)	of t	he deep ocean
		be undertaken.					rface	of the Moon or
the s	urfac	e of Mars than t	he d	eeper part of t	he (1	2)"		
Put	the c	orrect words f	rom	the table bel	ow i	n the above a	articl	e.
1.	(a)	earthed	(b)	earthen	(c)	unearthed	(d)	earthy
2.	(a)	lies	(b)	lees	(c)	lays	(d)	loos
3.	(a)	array	(b)	aura	(c)	aurora	(d)	aerial
4.	(a)	which	(b)	that	(c)	thus	(d)	that
5.	(a)	long	(b)	far	(c)	distance	(d)	further
6.	(a)	goods	(b)	goodness	(c)	goodly	(d)	good
7.	(a)	on	(b)	an	(c)	in	(d)	at
8.	(a)	drain	(b)	drone	(c)	prune	(d)	prone
9.	(a)	sufficient	(b)	suffice	(c)	suffer	(d)	suffragette
10.	(a)	a	(b)	the	(c)	of	(d)	by
11.	(a)	diagram	(b)	mapping	(c)	coordinates	(d)	atlas
12.	(a)	oceanology	(b)	oceanic	(c)	ocean	(d)	oceanographer

#### **SPELLING**

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html

## Paragraph 1

- 1. Marine otbiigsols
- 2. unearthed a pclteaucrsa coral reef
- 3. the <u>rryaa</u> of corals and ocean vegetation
- 4. marine <u>csesiep</u>
- 5. It was <u>cgalmai</u> to witness
- 6. In the middle of the iibesvrydoti crisis

## Paragraph 2

- 7. it is in <u>resnipit</u> condition
- 8. nerop to the bleaching effects
- 9. <u>iiffecstnu</u> sunlight
- 10. grow and rpueeocdr
- 11. one of the most  $\underline{\text{sevntieex}}$  healthy coral reefs
- 12. needs to be ruedntkaen

# **PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER**

From <a href="https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html">https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html</a>

#### Number these lines in the correct order.

(	)	reproduce. UNESCO said: "We think that deeper reefs may be better protected from global warming." It believes the Tahiti reef is "one
(	)	are in warmer waters. This makes them prone to the bleaching effects of global warming. Tahiti's reef is deep
(	)	across the reef. He wrote: "It was magical to witness giant, beautiful rose corals which stretch for as far as
(	)	of the most extensive healthy coral reefs on record". It added that more mapping of the deep
(	)	enough to protect it from bleaching. There is still sufficient sunlight at 30 metres for coral to grow and
(	)	the eye can see. It was like a work of art." Scientist Laetitia Hedouin said: "It's a
(	<b>1</b> )	Marine biologists have unearthed a spectacular coral reef off the coast of Tahiti in the South Pacific. The 3km-long reef
(	)	lies at a depth of 30 metres. The scientists believe the array of corals and ocean vegetation contains previously
(	)	Scientists say the location of the Tahiti reef means it is in pristine condition. Most of the world's reefs
(	)	ocean needs to be undertaken. It said: "We know more about the surface of
(	)	very healthy reef. In the middle of the biodiversity crisis, this is very good news."
(	)	undiscovered marine species. They have already found hundreds of rose-shaped coral, some of
(	)	which measure over two metres in diameter. Deep-sea diver Alexis Rosenfeld said he was stunned when he came
(	)	the Moon or the surface of Mars than the deeper part of the ocean."

### PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html

- 1. a spectacular unearthed reef . coral Marine biologists have
- 2. species vegetation previously marine Ocean undiscovered contains
- 3. when reef . stunned the discovered he He was
- 4. can see . far For as the as eye
- 5. crisis . the middle of In biodiversity the
- 6. them makes effects . prone This the to bleaching
- 7. reefs better We may protected . think deeper be
- 8. record . coral on reefs most healthy The extensive
- 9. of should be undertaken . deep the Mapping ocean
- 10. about more the surface the Moon . Know of

# **CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)**

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html

Marine biologists have unearthed / earthed a spectacular coral reef off the coast of Tahiti in the South Pacific. The 3km-long reef lays / lies at a depth of 30 metres. The scientists believe the disarray / array of corals and ocean vegetation contains previously undiscovered / discovery marine species. They have already found hundreds of rose-shaped coral, some of that / which measure over two metres in diameter. Deep-sea diver Alexis Rosenfeld said he was stunning / stunned when he came across the reef. He wrote: "It was magical / magician to witness giant, beautiful rose corals which stretch for as farther / far as the eye can see. It was like a work of art." Scientist Laetitia Hedouin said: "It's a very healthy reef. In / On the middle of the biodiversity crisis, this is very well / good news."

Scientists say the *vocation / location* of the Tahiti reef means it is *in / on* pristine condition. Most of the world's reefs are in *warmer / warmth* waters. This makes them prone to the bleaching effects of global warming. Tahiti's reef is deep *plenty / enough* to protect it from bleaching. There is still *suffice / sufficient* sunlight at 30 metres for coral to grow and reproduce. UNESCO said: "We think that *deeper / deepen* reefs may be better protected from global warming." It *beliefs / believes* the Tahiti reef is "one of the most extensive healthy coral reefs *on / in* record". It added that more mapping of the deep ocean needs to be *overtaken / undertaken*. It said: "We know more about the surface of the Moon or the *top / surface* of Mars than the deeper part of the ocean."

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

# **INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)**

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html

Mar\_n\_ b\_\_l\_g\_sts hav\_ \_n\_arth\_d \_ sp\_ctac\_lar c\_ral  $r\_\_f \quad \_ff \quad th\_ \quad c\_ast \quad \_f \quad Tah\_t\_ \quad \_n \quad th\_ \quad S\_\_th \quad Pac\_f\_c.$ Th\_ 3km-l\_ng r\_\_f l\_\_s \_t \_ d\_pth \_f 30 m\_tr\_s. Th\_ sc\_\_nt\_sts b\_l\_\_v\_ th\_ \_rray \_f c\_rals \_nd \_c\_an v\_g\_tat\_\_n c\_nta\_ns pr\_v\_\_sly \_nd\_sc\_v\_r\_d mar\_n\_ sp\_c\_s. Th\_y hav\_ \_lr\_ady f\_\_nd h\_ndr\_ds \_f r\_s\_shap\_d c\_ral, s\_m\_ \_f wh\_ch m\_as\_r\_ \_v\_r tw\_ m\_tr\_s \_n d\_am\_t\_r. D\_\_p-s\_a d\_v\_r \_l\_x\_s R\_s\_nf\_ld sa\_d h\_ was st\_nn\_d wh\_n h\_ cam\_ \_cr\_ss th\_ r\_\_f. H\_ wr\_t\_: "\_t was mag\_cal t\_ w\_tn\_ss g\_ant, b\_a\_t\_f\_l r\_s\_ c\_rals wh\_ch str\_tch f\_r \_s far \_s th\_ \_y\_ can s\_\_. \_t was I\_k\_ \_ w\_rk \_f \_rt." Sc\_\_nt\_st La\_t\_t\_a H\_d\_\_\_n sa\_d: "\_t's \_ v\_ry h\_althy r\_\_f. \_n th\_ m\_ddl\_ \_f th\_ b\_\_d\_v\_rs\_ty cr\_s\_s, th\_s \_s v\_ry g\_\_d n\_ws." Sc nt sts say th I cat n f th Tah t r f m ans \_t \_s \_n pr\_st\_n\_ c\_nd\_t\_\_n. M\_st \_f th\_ w\_rld's r\_\_fs \_r\_ \_n warm\_r wat\_rs. Th\_s mak\_s th\_m pr\_n\_ t\_ th\_bl\_ach\_ng \_ff\_cts \_f gl\_bal warm\_ng. Tah\_t\_'s r\_\_f \_s d\_\_p \_n\_\_gh t\_ pr\_t\_ct \_t fr\_m bl\_ach\_ng. Th\_r\_ \_s st\_ll s\_ff\_c\_\_nt s\_nl\_ght \_t 30 m\_tr\_s f\_r c\_ral t\_ gr\_w \_nd r\_pr\_d\_c\_. \_N\_SC\_ sa\_d: "W\_ th\_nk that d\_\_p\_r r\_\_fs may b\_ b\_tt\_r pr\_t\_ct\_d fr\_m gl\_bal warm\_ng." \_t b\_l\_\_v\_s th\_ Tah\_t\_ r\_\_f \_s "\_n\_ \_f th\_\_ m\_st \_xt\_ns\_v\_ h\_althy c\_ral r\_\_fs \_n r\_c\_rd". \_t \_dd\_d that m\_r\_ mapp\_ng \_f th\_ d\_\_p \_c\_an n\_\_ds t\_ b\_ \_nd\_rtak\_n. \_t sa\_d: "W\_ kn\_w m\_r\_ \_b\_\_t th\_ s\_rfac\_ \_f th\_ M\_\_n \_r th\_ s\_rfac\_ \_f Mars than th\_ d\_\_p\_r part \_f th\_ \_c\_an."

PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From <a href="https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html">https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html</a>

marine biologists have unearthed a spectacular coral reef off the coast of

tahiti in the south pacific the 3kmlong reef lies at a depth of 30 metres the

scientists believe the array of corals and ocean vegetation contains

previously undiscovered marine species they have already found hundreds of

roseshaped coral some of which measure over two metres in diameter

deepsea diver alexis rosenfeld said he was stunned when he came across

the reef he wrote it was magical to witness giant beautiful rose corals which

stretch for as far as the eye can see it was like a work of art scientist laetitia

hedouin said its a very healthy reef in the middle of the biodiversity crisis

this is very good news

scientists say the location of the tahiti reef means it is in pristine condition

most of the worlds reefs are in warmer waters this makes them prone to the

bleaching effects of global warming tahitis reef is deep enough to protect it

from bleaching there is still sufficient sunlight at 30 metres for coral to grow

and reproduce unesco said we think that deeper reefs may be better

protected from global warming it believes the tahiti reef is one of the most

extensive healthy coral reefs on record it added that more mapping of the

deep ocean needs to be undertaken it said we know more about the surface

of the moon or the surface of mars than the deeper part of the ocean

Level 6 Pristine coral reef discovered off coast of Tahiti – 24th January, 2022

More free lessons at breakingnewsenglish.com - Copyright Sean Banville 2022

# PUT A SLASH ( / ) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html

Marinebiologistshaveunearthedaspectacularcoralreefoffthecoastof TahitiintheSouthPacific.The3km-longreefliesatadepthof30metres.T hescientistsbelievethearrayofcoralsandoceanvegetationcontainspr eviouslyundiscoveredmarinespecies. They have already found hundre dsofrose-shapedcoral, some of which measure over two metres in diam eter.Deep-seadiverAlexisRosenfeldsaidhewasstunnedwhenhecam eacrossthereef. Hewrote: "Itwasmagical towitness giant, beautiful ros ecoralswhichstretchforasfarastheeyecansee. It was like awork of art." ScientistLaetitiaHedouinsaid:"It'saveryhealthyreef.Inthemiddleoft hebiodiversitycrisis, this is very goodnews. "Scientists say the location of the biodiversity crisis, this is very goodnews." fthe Tahitire efmeans it is in pristine condition. Most of the world's reefsar einwarmerwaters. This makes them prone to the bleaching effects of glo balwarming. Tahiti's reefis deepen ought oprotect it from bleaching. The reisstillsufficientsunlightat30metresforcoraltogrowandreproduce.U NESCOsaid: "Wethinkthatdeeperreefsmaybebetterprotectedfromgl obalwarming."ItbelievestheTahitireefis"oneofthemostextensivehea Ithycoralreefsonrecord". Itaddedthatmoremappingofthedeepocean needstobeundertaken. Itsaid: "WeknowmoreaboutthesurfaceoftheM oonorthesurfaceofMarsthanthedeeperpartoftheocean."

# **FREE WRITING**

From <a href="https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html">https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html</a>

Write about <b>coral</b> for 10 minutes. Comment on your partner's paper.				

# **ACADEMIC WRITING**

 $\textbf{From} \ \ \, \underline{\text{https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2201/220124-tahiti-coral-reef.html}}$ 

More money should be spent on ocean research	than on space	research. Discuss.

#### **HOMEWORK**

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about this news story. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. CORAL:** Make a poster about coral. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. OCEAN OR SPACE?:** Write a magazine article about spending more money on mapping our oceans than we do on space research. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against this.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

- **5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.
- **6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on coral. Ask him/her three questions about it. Give him/her three of your ideas on how to protect coral reefs. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

## **ANSWERS**

## **VOCABULARY (p.4)**

1. f 2. а 3. d 4. b 5. 6. 7. С 8. 9. 10. i 11. 12. m h 1 k 13. n 14. j

#### TRUE / FALSE (p.5)

1 F 2 F 3 T 4 F 5 F 6 T 7 T 8 T

## **SYNONYM MATCH (p.5)**

1.	b	2.	f	3.	е	4.	j	5.	h
6.	g	7.	d	8.	i	9.	С	10.	a

#### **COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.9)**

#### WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER (p.19)

1.	30 metres	1.	Marine biologists have unearthed a spectacular coral reef.
2.	Undiscovered species	2.	Ocean vegetation contains previously undiscovered marine species.
3.	Rose-shaped corals	3.	He was stunned when he discovered the reef.
4.	Magical	4.	For as far as the eye can see.
5.	A biodiversity crisis	5.	In the middle of the biodiversity crisis.
6.	Pristine condition	6.	This makes them prone to the bleaching effects.
7.	In warmer waters	7.	We think deeper reefs may be better protected.
8.	Reproduce	8.	The most extensive healthy coral reefs on record.
9.	More mapping of the ocean	9.	Mapping of the deep ocean should be undertaken.
10.	The surface of Mars and the Moon	10.	Know more about the surface of the Moon.

## **MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.10)**

1. b 2. d 3. c 4. a 5. b 6. a 7. c 8. a 9. d 10. c

#### **ALL OTHER EXERCISES**

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English ;-)