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Level 3 - 5th May, 2022

Gardeners urged not to cut the grass

FREE online quizzes, mp3 listening and more for this lesson here:

https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

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Please try Levels 0, 1 and 2 (they are easier).

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THE ARTICLE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

A charity in the U.K. is urging people not to cut the grass in their garden. When spring arrives, many gardeners mow their lawn. The call to not do this is part of a project called "No Mow May". It is to help flowers grow wild and insects breed. No Mow May is a campaign to promote biodiversity. It is from the charity Plantlife. The charity is also asking people to count the types and number of wild flowers in their garden. Plantlife says leaving the grass uncut creates a habitat that will help "our bees, butterflies, wildlife and us". Bees are an essential part of nature as they pollinate flowers. Cutting the grass means there are fewer flowers for bees to work their natural magic.

A spokesperson for Plantlife said garden lawns have the potential to be "biodiversity hotspots". Last year, the charity found over 250 species of plants on people's lawns. These included wild strawberry and wild garlic. Plantlife wants people to value wild lawns more. It said people would get a nice, colourful surprise if they did not cut their grass. One gardener spoke to the BBC about the joy of wild gardens. He said people care too much about having a neat garden and use too many chemicals. He believes not mowing the lawn lets people "reconnect with the natural world". Plantlife agreed. It said a wild garden "makes you feel like you're somewhere tropical instead of your own garden".

Sources: https://www.**bbc.com**/news/uk-61264905

https://www. cambridge in dependent.co.uk/news/no-mow-may-county-council-joins-in-left size of the property of the pro

biodiversity-initiative-9252289/

https://nomowmay.plantlife.org.uk/what-is-no-mow-may/

WARM-UPS

- **1. GRASS:** Students walk around the class and talk to other students about grass. Change partners often and share your findings.
- **2. CHAT:** In pairs / groups, talk about these topics or words from the article. What will the article say about them? What can you say about these words and your life?

charity / cut the grass / garden / gardener / flowers / biodiversity / bees / butterflies / plants / strawberry / garlic / surprise / neat / chemicals / the natural world / tropical

Have a chat about the topics you liked. Change topics and partners frequently.

- **3. CUT LAWNS:** Students A **strongly** believe that cut lawns should be banned to encourage greater biodiversity; Students B **strongly** believe the opposite. Change partners again and talk about your conversations.
- **4. WILDLIFE:** What do you know about these creatures below? How important are they? What do they do for the environment? Complete this table with your partner(s). Change partners often and share what you wrote.

	What I Know	Importance	What They Do
Bees			
Butterflies			
Humans			
Worms			
Ants			
Ladybird (UK) / Ladybug (USA)			

- **5. PROJECT:** Spend one minute writing down all of the different words you associate with the word "project". Share your words with your partner(s) and talk about them. Together, put the words into different categories.
- **6. USES OF GRASS:** Rank these with your partner. Put the best at the top. Change partners often and share your rankings.
 - Garden lawn
 - · Tennis court
 - Soccer pitch
 - Golf course green

- Children's park
- Meadow
- Food production
- Paper production

VOCABULARY MATCHING

Paragraph 1

- charity

 a. An organization that helps people and raises money for those in need.
- 2. mow b. Totally necessary; extremely important.
- 3. breed c. Cut grass with a machine.
- 4. promote d. The natural home or environment of an animal, plant, or other organism.
- 5. habitat e. When animals get together to make babies.
- 6. essential f. Support or actively encourage a cause or project.
- 7. pollinate g. Take pollen from plant to plant to help them grow.

Paragraph 2

- 8. potential h. Happiness.
- 9. biodiversity i. The importance or usefulness of something.
- 10. species j. Having or showing the capacity to develop into something in the future.
- 11. value k. Arranged or put in a tidy way; in good order.
- 12. joy I. The variety of plant and animal life in the world or in a particular place.
- 13. neat m. Very hot and humid.
- 14. tropical n. A group of living things that are similar and can have babies together.

BEFORE READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

1. TRUE / FALSE: Read the headline. Guess if a-h below are true (T) or false (F).

- 1. A charity in the U.K. has banned people from cutting their grass. **T/F**
- 2. There is a campaign in the U.K. called "May Not Mow". T / F
- 3. A campaign in the U.K. is trying to promote biodiversity. **T/F**
- 4. A charity said not cutting the grass helps us. **T / F**
- 5. A charity said spots in the U.K. are too hot for biodiversity. **T/F**
- 6. Every garden in the U.K. has more than 250 plant species in it. **T/F**
- 7. A gardener said people are too concerned with neat gardens. **T/F**
- 8. Many wild gardens in the U.K. are tropical. **T / F**

2. SYNONYM MATCH: (The words in **bold** are from the news article.)

- 1. urging
- 2. mow
- 3. breed
- 4. habitat
- 5. essential
- 6. potential
- 7. value
- 8. joy
- 9. neat
- 10. tropical

- a. reproduce
- b. happiness
- c. important
- d. cut
- e. appreciate
- f. very hot
- g. encouraging
- h. tidy
- i. ability
- i. natural environment

3. PHRASE MATCH: (Sometimes more than one choice is possible.)

- 1. When spring arrives, many
- 2. It is to help flowers grow wild and insects
- 3. a campaign to promote
- 4. help our bees, butterflies, wildlife
- 5. fewer flowers for bees to work their
- 6. garden lawns have the potential to be
- 7. the charity found over 250
- 8. people care too much about having a
- 9. reconnect
- 10. feel like you're somewhere

- a. species of plants
- b. natural magic
- c. biodiversity hotspots
- d. with the natural world
- e. breed
- f. and us
- q. tropical
- h. gardeners mow their lawn
- i. neat garden
- j. biodiversity

GAP FILL

 ${\color{red} From $ $ \underline{https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html} $} \\$

A charity in the U.K. is (1) people not to cut	mow
the grass in their garden. When spring arrives, many gardeners	types
(2) their lawn. The call to not do this is part of	essential
a (3) called "No Mow May". It is to help flowers	urging
grow wild and insects (4) No Mow May is a	urging
campaign to promote biodiversity. It is from the charity Plantlife.	breed
The charity is also asking people to count the	natural
(5) and number of wild flowers in their garden.	habitat
Plantlife says leaving the grass uncut creates a	project
(6) that will help "our bees, butterflies, wildlife	μ
and us". Bees are an (7) part of nature as they	
pollinate flowers. Cutting the grass means there are fewer flowers	
for bees to work their (8) magic.	
A spokesperson for Plantlife said garden lawns have the	value
(9) to be "biodiversity hotspots". Last year,	neat
the charity found over 250 (10) of plants on	potential
people's lawns. These included wild strawberry and wild garlic.	•
Plantlife wants people to (11) wild lawns more.	joy
It said people would get a (12), colourful	species
surprise if they did not cut their grass. One gardener spoke to the	instead
BBC about the (13) of wild gardens. He said	nice
people care too much about having a (14)	reconnect
garden and use too many chemicals. He believes not mowing the	70007117000
lawn lets people "(15) with the natural world".	
Plantlife agreed. It said a wild garden "makes you feel like you're	
somewhere tropical (16) of your own garden".	

LISTENING — Guess the answers. Listen to check.

1 \	۸ ۵	harity in the U.K. is urging people not to cut the grass
Ι)		on their garden
		at their garden
		in their garden
		sin their garden
21		_
۷)		s to help flowers grow wild
		and insects bleed
		and insects breed
		and insects brood and insects braid
٥,		
3)		Mow May is a campaign
		to pro note biodiversity
		to prom moat biodiversity
		to pro moat biodiversity to promote biodiversity
4)		·
4)		nabitat that will help our bees, butterflies,
		wildlife and use wildlife and dust
		wildlife and us
		wildlife end dust
E /		
3)		tting the grass means there are fewer flowers for bees to work their natural magician
		their natural magic
		their natural magical
		their nature all magic
6)		intlife said garden lawns have the potential to
U)		be biodiversity hots pots
		be biodiversity hot pots
		be biodiversity hots spots
		be biodiversity hotspots
7)		st year, the charity found over 250
, ,		specials of plants
		species of plants
		species off plants
		specials off plants
8)		ople would get a nice, colourful surprise if they did not
- ,		cut a grass
		cut their grass
		cut there grass
	d.	cut they're grass
9)	He	said people care too much about having a neat garden and use
•		too many chemicals
	b.	too more chemicals
	c.	too most chemicals
	d.	too much chemicals
10) It	: said a wild garden makes you feel like
	a.	you're somewhere topical
	b.	you're somewhere tropical
		you're somewhere tropics
	d.	you're somewhere tropic all

LISTENING – Listen and fill in the gaps

A charity in the U.K. is $_{(1)}$	to cut the grass in their
garden. When spring arrives	, many gardeners mow their lawn. The call to
not do this is part (2)	called "No Mow May". It is to
help flowers grow wild (3)	No Mow May is a
campaign to promote biodive	ersity. It is from the charity Plantlife. The charity
is also asking people to cour	nt the types and number of wild flowers in their
garden. Plantlife says leavin	g the grass uncut (4)
that will help "our bees,	butterflies, wildlife and us". Bees are an
(5)	nature as they pollinate flowers. Cutting the
grass means there are (6)	bees to work their
natural magic.	
A spokesperson for Plantlife	said garden lawns (7)
to be "biodiversity hotspots"	. Last year, the charity found over 250 species
of plants on people's	lawns. These included wild strawberry
(8)	. Plantlife wants people to value wild lawns
more. It said people would o	get a nice, colourful surprise if they did not cut
their grass. One ga	ordener spoke to the BBC about
(9)	wild gardens. He said people care too much
about (10)	garden and use too many chemicals. He
believes not mowing the la	awn lets people "(11)
natural world". Plantlife agre	eed. It said a wild garden "makes you feel like
vou're somewhere (12)	vour own garden".

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

1.	When do gardeners in the U.K. mow their lawns?
2.	What is the name of the campaign to stop people cutting their grass?
3.	What does the charity say it wants its campaign to promote?
4.	Who does uncut lawns help besides bees, butterflies and wildlife?
5.	What does the article say bees work?
6.	What did Plantlife say lawns have the potential to be?
7.	How many species of plants can there be on our lawns?
8.	What did Plantlife say people could get if they did not cut their grass?
9.	What did a gardener say people put too much of on lawns?
10.	Where did Plantlife say a wild garden can make you feel you are?

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

- 1) When do gardeners in the U.K. mow their lawns?
- a) in the mornings
- b) when spring arrives
- c) after it rains
- d) on May the 10th
- 2) What is the name of the campaign to stop people cutting their grass?
- a) Mow No May
- b) No May Mow
- c) Mow May Now
- d) No Mow May
- 3) What does the charity say it wants its campaign to promote?
- a) biodiversity
- b) greenness
- c) perfect lawns
- d) gardening
- 4) Who does uncut lawns help besides bees, butterflies and wildlife?
- a) gardeners
- b) park visitors
- c) us
- d) soccer players
- 5) What does the article say bees work?
- a) their legs
- b) their magic
- c) making honey
- d) making pollen

- 6) What did Plantlife say lawns have the potential to be?
- a) biodiversity hotspots
- b) green
- c) picnic spots
- d) places to relax
- 7) How many species of plants can there be on our lawns?
- a) 350
- b) 240
- c) 250
- d) 800
- 8) What did Plantlife say people could get if they did not cut their grass?
- a) a nice surprise
- b) insect bites
- c) angry neighbours
- d) stressed
- 9) What did a gardener say people put too much of on lawns?
- a) chemicals
- b) water
- c) love and attention
- d) garden furniture
- 10) Where did Plantlife say a wild garden can make you feel you are?
- a) in heaven
- b) in a jungle
- c) in a botanical garden
- d) somewhere tropical

ROLE PLAY

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

Role A – Garden Lawns

You think garden lawns are the best use of grass. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their uses aren't as bad. Also, tell the others which is the least useful of these (and why): tennis courts, food production or children's parks.

Role B – Tennis Courts

You think tennis courts are the best use of grass. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their uses aren't as bad. Also, tell the others which is the least useful of these (and why): garden lawns, food production or children's parks.

Role C - Food Production

You think food production is the best use of grass. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their uses aren't as bad. Also, tell the others which is the least useful of these (and why): tennis courts, garden lawns or children's parks.

Role D - Children's Parks

You think children's parks are the best use of grass. Tell the others three reasons why. Tell them why their uses aren't as bad. Also, tell the others which is the least useful of these (and why): tennis courts, food production or garden lawns.

AFTER READING / LISTENING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

1. WORD SEARCH: Look in your dictionary / computer to find collocates, other meanings, information, synonyms ... for the words 'garden' and 'grass'.

garden	grass

- Share your findings with your partners.
- Make questions using the words you found.
- Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **2. ARTICLE QUESTIONS:** Look back at the article and write down some questions you would like to ask the class about the text.
 - Share your questions with other classmates / groups.
 - Ask your partner / group your questions.
- **3. GAP FILL:** In pairs / groups, compare your answers to this exercise. Check your answers. Talk about the words from the activity. Were they new, interesting, worth learning...?
- **4. VOCABULARY:** Circle any words you do not understand. In groups, pool unknown words and use dictionaries to find their meanings.
- **5. TEST EACH OTHER:** Look at the words below. With your partner, try to recall how they were used in the text:

arrives	potential
• part	 included
 promote 	• joy
• types	• neat
 habitat 	reconnect
• magic	• tropical

GRASS SURVEY

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

Write five GOOD questions about grass in the table. Do this in pairs. Each student must write the questions on his / her own paper.

When you have finished, interview other students. Write down their answers.

	STUDENT 1	STUDENT 2	STUDENT 3
Q.1.			
Q.2.			
Q.3.			
Q.4.			
Q.5.			

- Now return to your original partner and share and talk about what you found out. Change partners often.
- Make mini-presentations to other groups on your findings.

GRASS DISCUSSION

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

- 1. What did you think when you read the headline?
- 2. What images are in your mind when you hear the word 'garden'?
- 3. How important are gardens?
- 4. What should gardens look like?
- 5. Is a cut lawn or a wild lawn best?
- 6. How important is grass in a garden?
- 7. What gardens do you see every day?
- 8. What do you think of the No Mow May project?
- 9. What 'natural magic' do bees perform?
- 10. What advice do you have for gardeners?

Gardeners urged not to cut the grass – 5th May, 2022 Thousands more free lessons at breakingnewsenglish.com

GRASS DISCUSSION

STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

- 11. Did you like reading this article? Why/not?
- 12. What do you think of when you hear the word 'grass'?
- 13. What do you think about what you read?
- 14. How can gardens be 'biodiversity hotspots'?
- 15. What are the benefits of neatly cut lawns?
- 16. How do you connect with nature?
- 17. Why do people use chemicals on gardens?
- 18. Should we study gardening at school?
- 19. What wildlife is there in your garden?
- 20. What questions would you like to ask gardeners?

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions)

STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student B)

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)IS	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
DIS TUD	SCUSSION (Write your own questions)
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DIS TUC	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
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• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)
DIS	SCUSSION (Write your own questions) DENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show these to student A)

LANGUAGE - CLOZE

 $\textbf{From} \quad \underline{\text{https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html}}$

A ch	arity	in the U.K. is (1)	_ people not t	o cut	the grass in	their	garden. Wher
sprir	spring arrives, many gardeners ${}_{(2)}$ their lawn. The call to not do this is part of						this is part o	
a pro	a project called "No Mow May". It is to help flowers grow wild and insects (3)							
No N	No Mow May is a campaign to promote biodiversity. It is from the charity Plantlife							
The	charit	y is also asking	peop	le to count the	(4)	and numb	er of	wild flowers ir
	_	en. Plantlife sa	-					-
		, butterflies, wil						
-	-	nate flowers. Cu	_	the grass mea	ans th	nere are (6)	flc	wers for bees
to w	OIK LI	neir natural mag	JIC.					
A sp	okesı	person for Plar	ntlife	said garden la	awns	have the pos	tentia	l (7) be
"bio	divers	ity hotspots". L	ast ye	ear, the charity	/ foui	nd over 250 (8)	_ of plants or
peop	ole's l	awns. These i	nclude	ed wild strawb	perry	and wild gar	lic. P	lantlife wants
		(9) wild			-			-
-		they did not o		_	_	-		
		of wild gardens.						
		too $_{(11)}$ $_{0}$				_		
		ke you're some			_		_	
you	reer in	ne you're some	wiicie	(12) 111360	cuu o	r your own gar	ucii .	
Put	the c	orrect words t	from	the table belo	ow in	the above a	rticle	
1.	(a)	urging	(b)	urgent	(c)	urges	(d)	urge
2.	(a)	mown	(b)	mower	(c)	mow	(d)	mowing
3.	(a)	bleed	(b)	braid	(c)	breed	(d)	broad
4.	(a)	tips	(b)	thyme	(c)	times	(d)	types
5.	(a)	us	(b)	we	(c)	them	(d)	they
6.	(a)	lack	(b)	fewer	(c)	plenty	(d)	less
7.	(a)	by	(b)	at	(c)	for	(d)	to
8.	(a)	specials	(b)	species	(c)	spaces	(d)	specialize
9.	(a)	wealth	(b)	worth	(c)	value	(d)	reckon
10.	(a)	toy	(b)	soy	(c)	boy	(d)	joy
11.	(a)	most	(b)	much	(c)	more	(d)	many
12.	(a)	equator	(b)	tropical	(c)	hemisphere	(d)	polar

SPELLING

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

Paragraph 1

- 1. A hatircy in the U.K.
- 2. help flowers grow wild and insects erbde
- 3. a campaign to <u>tprmoeo</u> biodiversity
- 4. Bees are an etaisslne part
- 5. they nopilelta flowers
- 6. bees to work their <u>untlraa</u> magic

Paragraph 2

- 7. garden lawns have the <u>tlaotepin</u>
- 8. These <u>ndulcied</u> wild strawberry
- 9. over 250 <u>esspice</u> of plants
- 10. a nice, colourful rpisrseu
- 11. use too many <u>scealimch</u>
- 12. feel like you're somewhere aolprtic

PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

Number these lines in the correct order.

()	help flowers grow wild and insects breed. No Mow May is a campaign to promote biodiversity. It is from the
()	of wild flowers in their garden. Plantlife says leaving the grass uncut creates a habitat that will help "our bees,
()	arrives, many gardeners mow their lawn. The call to not do this is part of a project called "No Mow May". It is to
()	surprise if they did not cut their grass. One gardener spoke to the BBC about the joy $$
()	butterflies, wildlife and us". Bees are an essential part of nature as they pollinate flowers. Cutting
()	chemicals. He believes not mowing the lawn lets people "reconnect with the natural world". Plantlife
()	agreed. It said a wild garden "makes you feel like you're somewhere tropical instead of your own garden".
()	A spokesperson for Plantlife said garden lawns have the potential to be "biodiversity
()	and wild garlic. Plantlife wants people to value wild lawns more. It said people would get a nice, colourful
()	charity Plantlife. The charity is also asking people to count the types and number
()	hotspots". Last year, the charity found over 250 species of plants on people's lawns. These included wild strawberry
(1)	A charity in the U.K. is urging people not to cut the grass in their garden. When spring
()	of wild gardens. He said people care too much about having a neat garden and use too many
()	the grass means there are fewer flowers for bees to work their natural magic.

PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

- 1. grass . to people not the It's cut urging
- 2. help It wild . grow flowers is to
- 3. the types flowers . Count wild of and number
- 4. grass uncut a creates habitat . Leaving the
- 5. there flowers . grass fewer are Cutting means the
- 6. biodiversity hotspots . the Lawns potential to have be
- plants . species found over The charity 250 of 7.
- 8. wild wants value people to lawns more . Plantlife
- 9. too about neat care much having gardens . People
- 10. It tropical . somewhere you feel makes like you're

CIRCLE THE CORRECT WORD (20 PAIRS)

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

A charity in the U.K. is urging people not to cut the grass in *there / their* garden. When spring arrives, many gardeners *mow / mown* their lawn. The call to not do this is *partner / part* of a project called "No Mow May". It is to help flowers grow *wild / wildly* and insects breed. No Mow May is a campaign to *promote / demote* biodiversity. It is from the charity Plantlife. The charity is also asking people to *country / count* the types and number of wild flowers in their garden. Plantlife says leaving the grass uncut creates a *habit / habitat* that will help "our bees, butterflies, wildlife and *us / we*". Bees are an essential part of *nature / natural* as they pollinate flowers. Cutting the grass means there are fewer flowers for bees to *work / effort* their natural magic.

A spokesperson for Plantlife said garden lawns have the *possible / potential* to be "biodiversity hotspots". Last year, the charity *found / fund* over 250 species of plants on *people / people's* lawns. These included wild strawberry and wild garlic. Plantlife wants people to *valuable / value* wild lawns more. It said people would get a *nice / nicely*, colourful surprise if they did not cut their grass. One gardener spoke to the BBC about the joy *to / of* wild gardens. He said people care too much about *have / having* a neat garden and use too *many / much* chemicals. He believes not mowing the lawn lets people "reconnect with *all / the* natural world". Plantlife agreed. It said a wild garden "makes you feel like you're somewhere tropical instead *on / of* your own garden".

Talk about the connection between each pair of words in italics, and why the correct word is correct.

INSERT THE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u)

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

_ ch_r_ty _n th_ _.K. _s _rg_ng p__pl_ n_t t_ c_t th_ gr_ss _n th__r g_rd_n. Wh_n spr_ng _rr_v_s, m_ny g_rd_n_rs m_w th__r l_wn. Th_ c_ll t_ n_t d_ th_s _s p_rt _f _ pr_j_ct c_ll_d "N_ M_w M_y". _t _s t_ h_lp fl_w_rs gr_w w_ld _nd _ns_cts br__d. N_ M_w M_y _s _c_mp__gn t_ pr_m_t_ b__d_v_rs_ty. _t _s fr_m th_ ch_r_ty Pl_ntl_f_. Th_ ch_r_ty _s _ls_ _sk_ng p__pl_ t_ c_nt th_ typ_s _nd n_mb_r _f w_ld fl_w_rs _n th__r g_rd_n. Pl_ntl_f_ s_ys l__v_ng th_ gr_ss _nc_t cr__t_s _ h_b_t_t th__t w_ll h_lp "__r b__s, b_tt_rfl_s, w_ld_f_ _nd _s". B__s _r_ _n _ss_nt__l p_rt _f n_t_r _s th_y p_ll_n_t_ fl_w_rs. C_tt_ng th_ gr_ss m__ns th_r _r _r f_w_r fl_w_rs f_r b__s t_ w_rk th__r n_t_r l m_g_c.

_ sp_k_sp_rs_n f_r Pl_ntl_f_ s__d g_rd_n l_wns h_v_th_ p_t_nt__l t_ b_ "b__d_v_rs_ty h_tsp_ts". L_st y__r, th_ ch_r_ty f__nd _v_r 250 sp_c__s _f pl_nts _n p__pl_'s l_wns. Th_s_ _ncl_d_d w_ld str_wb_rry _nd w_ld g_rl_c. Pl_ntl_f_ w_nts p__pl_ t_ v_l_ w_ld l_wns m_r. _t s__d p__pl_ w__ld g_t _ n_c_, c_l__rf_l s_rpr_s_ _f th_y d_d n_t c_t th__r gr_ss. _n_ g_rd_n_r sp_k_ t_ th__ BBC _b_t th__ j_y _f w_ld g_rd_ns. H_ s__d p__pl_ c_r_ t__ m_ch _b__t h_v_ng _n_t g_rd_n _nd _s_ t__ m_ny ch_m_c_ls. H_ b_l_vs n_t m_w_ng th__ l_wn l_ts p__pl_ "r_c_nn_ct w_th th__ n_t_rl w_rld". Pl_ntl_f_ _gr_d. _t s__d _ w_ld g_rd_n "m_k_s y__ f__l l_k_ y__'r_ s_m_wh_r_tr_p_c_l _nst__d _f y__r _wn g_rd_n".

PUNCTUATE THE TEXT AND ADD CAPITALS

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

a charity in the uk is urging people not to cut the grass in their garden when

spring arrives many gardeners mow their lawn the call to not do this is part

of a project called no mow may it is to help flowers grow wild and insects

breed no mow may is a campaign to promote biodiversity it is from the

charity plantlife the charity is also asking people to count the types and

number of wild flowers in their garden plantlife says leaving the grass uncut

creates a habitat that will help our bees butterflies wildlife and us bees are

an essential part of nature as they pollinate flowers cutting the grass means

there are fewer flowers for bees to work their natural magic

a spokesperson for plantlife said garden lawns have the potential to be

biodiversity hotspots last year the charity found over 250 species of plants

on peoples lawns these included wild strawberry and wild garlic plantlife

wants people to value wild lawns more it said people would get a nice

colourful surprise if they did not cut their grass one gardener spoke to the

bbc about the joy of wild gardens he said people care too much about having

a neat garden and use too many chemicals he believes not mowing the lawn

lets people reconnect with the natural world plantlife agreed it said a wild

garden makes you feel like youre somewhere tropical instead of your own

garden

Level 3 Gardeners urged not to cut the grass – 5th May, 2022

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PUT A SLASH (/) WHERE THE SPACES ARE

From https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html

AcharityintheU.K.isurgingpeoplenottocutthegrassintheirgarden.Wh enspringarrives, many gardeners mow their lawn. The call to not do this is partofaprojectcalled"NoMowMay". Itistohelpflowersgrowwildandins ectsbreed.NoMowMayisacampaigntopromotebiodiversity.Itisfromt hecharityPlantlife.Thecharityisalsoaskingpeopletocountthetypesan dnumberofwildflowersintheirgarden. Plantlifesaysleavingthegrassu ncutcreatesahabitatthatwillhelp"ourbees,butterflies,wildlifeandus". Beesareanessentialpartofnatureastheypollinateflowers. Cuttingtheg rassmeanstherearefewerflowersforbeestoworktheirnaturalmagic.A spokespersonforPlantlifesaidgardenlawnshavethepotentialtobe"bio diversityhotspots".Lastyear,thecharityfoundover250speciesofplant sonpe op le's lawns. These included wildstraw berry and wild garlic. Plant leaves the sonpe of the son people of the sifewantspeopletovaluewildlawnsmore. Itsaidpeoplewouldgetanice, c olourfulsurpriseiftheydidnotcuttheirgrass. Onegardenerspoketothe BBCaboutthejoyofwildgardens. Hesaidpeoplecaretoomuchabouthav inganeatgardenandusetoomanychemicals. Hebelieves not mowing the elawnletspeople"reconnectwiththenaturalworld".Plantlifeagreed.It saidawildgarden"makesyoufeellikeyou'resomewheretropicalinstea dofyourowngarden".

FREE WRITING

 $\textbf{From} \quad \underline{\text{https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2205/220505-cutting-the-grass.html}}$

Vrite about grass for 10 minutes. Comment on your partner's paper.	

ACADEMIC WRITING

A wild and natural lawn is better than a neatly cut lawn Discuss.					

HOMEWORK

- **1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION:** Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.
- **2. INTERNET:** Search the Internet and find out more about this news story. Share what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.
- **3. GRASS:** Make a poster about grass. Show your work to your classmates in the next lesson. Did you all have similar things?
- **4. BIODIVERSITY:** Write a magazine article about banning people from cutting grass to help biodiversity. Include imaginary interviews with people who are for and against this.

Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Write down any new words and expressions you hear from your partner(s).

- **5. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT?** Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.
- **6. LETTER:** Write a letter to an expert on grass. Ask him/her three questions about it. Give him/her three of your opinions on cutting the grass. Read your letter to your partner(s) in your next lesson. Your partner(s) will answer your questions.

ANSWERS

VOCABULARY (p.4)

1. 2. С 3. e 4. f 5. d 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. i 12. 14. Ι n h 13. k m

TRUE / FALSE (p.5)

F 2 F 3 T 4 T 5 F 6 F 8 F

SYNONYM MATCH (p.5)

1. 9	2.	d	3.	а	4.	j	5.	С
6. i	7.	е	8.	b	9.	h	10.	f

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (p.9) WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER (p.19)

1.	When spring arrives	1.	It's urging people not to cut the grass.
2.	No Mow May	2.	It is to help flowers grow wild.
3.	Biodiversity	3.	Count the types and number of wild flowers.
4.	Us	4.	Leaving the grass uncut creates a habitat.
5.	Their magic	5.	Cutting the grass means there are fewer flowers.
6.	Biodiversity hotspots	6.	Lawns have the potential to be biodiversity hotspots.
7.	250	7.	The charity found over 250 species of plants.
8.	A nice surprise	8.	Plantlife wants people to value wild lawns more.

9. Chemicals 9. People care too much about having neat gardens. 10. Somewhere tropical 10. It makes you feel like you're somewhere tropical.

MULTIPLE CHOICE - QUIZ (p.10)

1. b 2. d 3. a 4. c 5. b 6. a 7. c 8. a 9. a 10. d

ALL OTHER EXERCISES

Please check for yourself by looking at the Article on page 2. (It's good for your English;-)